

# THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOLUME XIV.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 25, 1882.

PRICE 5 CENT S

## WELCOME!

TO GOVERNOR-ELECT A. H. STEPHENS FROM ATLANTA.

The Committee Reach Crawfordville and Call on the Old Commer—How They Found Him—They Return to Atlanta and Mrs. E. Stephens at Every Point Along the Route.

Governor Alexander H. Stephens reached the city Tuesday evening and took possession of the executive mansion. He made the trip in good style, comfortably, and was properly received by the people of his new home. The details of his trip, his reception and of a visit to his old home will be found below.

DOWN TO CRAWFORDVILLE.

It is useless to go over the small talk of the ride of the committee to Crawfordville. The country at large will be satisfied to know that it reached its destination in safety and comparatively good repair. Indeed there was no record to except that as the car swept through the sleeping towns, looking ghostly in the moonlight, with their white fences and silent sweeps of meadow, there were faces pressed here and there on the windows looking out into the night and as the comet rushed into sight promptly at 4:30, a group of sleepy men on the back platform flicked their smouldering cigars in the face of the dawn—and as the car stopped at this station that the steady Presbyterian snore of Colonel Candler, and the solemn and official wheeze of Senator Ellis, surged beyond the walls of the car, and bore testimony to the drowsy watchers on the platform. But all was decorous and regular within.

IN THE PARLOR AT LIBERTY HALL.

"Mr. Stephens will be glad to see the gentlemen half past eight o'clock."

Therefore, at 8½ sharp, the committee entered the spacious grounds of the Liberty Hall estate, passed the church in the corner, the lawn of bermuda grass, the old-fashioned spacious plaza, into the parlor of perhaps the most interesting statesman of the last thirty years. It was a plain parlor, plainly furnished, but suggestive of ease and comfort. On the wall was the best picture of General Toombs I ever saw, taken at his prime, and looking as a bystander said, as thinking of men looked when he demanded on the north in the name of the south "Indemnity for the past and security for the future." A fine portrait of Linton Stephens hangs in a vis à vis to an equally fine portrait of his first wife. A portrait of General Lee hung over the mantel, flanked by a portrait of Howell Cobb, and framed by the well known print of Webster Addressing the Senate. The speech between these pictures was pretty well filled with smaller portraits, testimonials, battle-charts, many of them very old. There were two portraits of ladies besides the one we mentioned, and one of these was a fine picture of Mrs. W. H. Felton. On the table, among other books, was an album bearing on the first page the autographs of Rutherford B. Hayes, Lucy W. Hayes, and James A. Garfield.

While we were examining these Mr. Stephens rolled in the room, managing his chair with singular grace and ease. Captain Henry Jackson, the chairman of the state democratic executive committee, to whom the management of the campaign was entrusted, and to whom more than to any other man Mr. Stephens' overwhelming majority is due, made a short and happy talk, and introduced the committee. Mr. Stephens replied in a few appropriate words, and after the usual hand-shaking, the party adjourned to breakfast.

IN THE DINING ROOM AT LIBERTY HALL.

A more characteristic room than this, it would be hard to find. Roomy, spacious, without display, it breathed the very air of hospitality, and was homelike in every sense. Two tables were set. Mr. Stephens, rolling his chair to the head of one of them, lifted his hat and with bowed head reverently asked the blessing of God on his home and guests. The breakfast was a bountiful one of fried chicken, steak, scrambled eggs, biscuit, rolls, home-made butter, with syrup, etc. No less than eight servants by actual count, clustered about the table and helped the guests, while a major-domo of unyielding dignity directed their movements, and three pie-menus stood by the open fire-place and watched the proceedings with undisguised interest. A family of five kittens romped about the door, while two dogs, occupying the rounds of a stair case led from the dining room into the second story, overlooked the scene.

Mr. Stephens presided with charming cordiality and grace. Every guest was made to feel at home, and a merriment more or less enjoyable breakfast was known. My vis-à-vis at the table said:

"I think Mr. Stephens has entertained more guests in this room than any American has ever entertained in one room. For forty years, lacking only two, he has presided in this very place, and every day this table has been free to all who came. Governor Howell Cobb entertained perhaps more lavishly than any Georgian in public life, but Mr. Stephens has lived so much longer. No man ever welcomed so many guests in one room as Mr. Stephens has welcomed in this."

WHAT MR. STEPHENS SAYS OF "LIBERTY HALL."

"I bought this house," said Mr. Stephens, "in 1812, from Mr. Bird—and to-day, for the first time, it is to be closed up. We are packing up everything, and the house will be closed today, except for Mr. O'Neill, an old friend of mine, who is now approaching his ninetieth year, and who will continue to live here."

He you ever noticed the perfect sympathy that seems to exist between Mr. Stephens and his chair? The chair is never still, any more than its owner is still. His hands clasp the rim of the wheels, and it moves with his every motion. As he talks it pulses back and forth as if the breath of his body breached through its body, and his vital pulses rose and fell in its wood and iron. When he is excited it becomes excited too, and in speaking he literally gestures with it, as a modified Miserimus Dexter might have done.

"This is my library," said Mr. Stephens, "in which I have spent many a day and night of work, and which I leave with great reluctance."

It was not a pretentious room but well filled. An immense basket of seed for distribution sat on the sofa. In a corner was a pile of sweet potatoes. The entire wall space was covered with books. These were mostly on topics relating to the war and to constitutional questions. Every conceivable history of the war and every treatise on government ever published, it appeared, were here, and almost of them well thumbed.

"You will notice," said Mr. Stephens, "that I have my house lighted with gas. It is a curious fact that my gas costs me less than my matches."

"You must have unskillful scratchers, then?"

No. But a great many of my visitors smoke as I do, and it takes four or five matches to put a pipe especially in the hands of those who used to smoke. It costs me fifty cents a week for gas, and only nineteen dollars a year for gas. There is no investment a country gentleman can make that pays as well as to have his own gas machine."

THE LAST OF THE IRISH KINGS.

This room," said Mr. Stephens, whirling into a room adjoining the library, "was occupied by Mr. O'Brien, the agent director of St. Mary's orphan boy's asylum. It was knocked down by a furiously driven horse to day, and run over by a heavy vehicle on the street, and seriously if not fatally injured. The Picayune's Baton Rouge special says the city council and a number of prominent citizens met this evening to consider the application of Louisiana Western Extension for the right of way through the city. When constructed this west and east railroad will connect Mobile with the San Joaquin road of Texas via Baton Rouge."

ly, and it was interesting to see them together. Mr. Toombs was then very extreme—it was in 1859, and I had resigned in view of the coming storm—and was fond of palming off O'Brien what a magnificent republic we could make of the south if we were only cut off from the body of death, as he called the north. In his quiet but positive way O'Brien would insist that the perpetuity of the American union was the only hope for true representative government on the earth. I never entertained a greater man than this brave and saddened Irishman."

MR. STEPHENS'S INCOME FROM HIS BOOKS.

It is well-known that Mr. Stephens is poor. He spends his income on charity and in entertaining, and has always done so. While he is scrupulously exact in his personal expenses, he has little thought of money spent on others. It is his boast that he has never turned any one away from his door.

His income on his books amount to but little. He says:

"I sold the copyright of my 'War Between the States,' in 1872. I was sick then and thought I was going to die, and so I sold it out altogether. It is paying the publishers very handsomely. I understand 60,000 copies have been sold recently."

"How is your school history doing?"

"It pays me about \$300 a year, and has been doing steadily. The state of California paid Swinton \$6,000 for his school history of the United States. That shows what the north pays for work for its schools, while mine shows what the south does not pay. I get only seven cents a copy royalty on my book, but the sales are increasing."

"Have you no other copyright but this?"

"I have the copyright on my 'Reviewers Reviewed,' and, of course, on my new book, the first copy of which I received to-day."

"This is your new history?"

"Yes, and I think my chief d'oeuvre. It is a comprehensive history of the United States, from the first settlement to the killing of Garfield. It has 1100 pages and is handsomely printed. It will be sold by subscription, and will be sold largely. I think, I control the copyright of this, of course. It did not bear for the hopes I had of this book, I should never have thought of accepting the governorship. I could not begin to live on the salary of the state allows, and I have no income except what I have mentioned."

"Doesn't your farm pay you?"

"Not much," smiling—"I have seven tenants, some of whom pay me, and some who do not. My farm of 100 acres, pays me \$150 a year above the taxes. I have no stocks or bonds whatever."

MR. STEPHENS'S DEPARTURE FROM HOME.

Mr. Stephens was unmistakably sad at leaving home. The people were much sadder to see him leave. For two hours before the cars left it was filled with whites and blacks, bidding him goodbye. When he left the house old Mr. O'Neill, who has been with him for thirty years and is now ninety years old, said as he shook hands with him: "Make a good governor of yourself," then he retired to his room.

An old negro of 70, who is one month younger than Mr. Stephens, and has been with him 70 years, said: "Why he's better to dogs than most folks is to folks. He feeds every dog as comes to him, and when he dies, don't just let him dry up; he buried him."

"Burries the dogs?"

"Yes, sir, just like folks; he's got a regular dog graveyard in his garden. I buried Frank there two weeks ago, and Rio was buried there and there's a heap of dogs buried there."

As the car rolled out of the little town this old veteran was seen waving a tattered kepi chief while what seemed to be the entire population of Crawfordville cheered lustily and gave the new governor a hearty send-off.

THE TRIP TO ATLANTA.

The trip to Atlanta was devoid of accident. At every station there were crowds in waiting to see Mr. Stephens, and bid him God speed in his new mission. He was unable to make any speeches and arranged to receive them in the car. The people filed in rapidly, therefore, merely taking a look at the old commoner and passing out. At many stations it was impossible for even a fraction of the crowd to get into the car, and a more enthusiastic reception than Mr. Stephens had at the hands of his constituents could not have been decried. The approach to each station was made manifest by the cheers and shouts. After riding part of the way, Mr. Stephens was so exhausted that he laid down, but still received all the people who could get into the car. Numerous baskets, boxes and bouquets of flowers were brought in at the various stations until every available corner of the car was filled.

As the train passed Madison, Mr. Stephens said: "Madison! There is where I spent the most miserable part of my life. I had just left college, and full of aspirations and ambitions, had to settle down into the life of a pedagogue. It was intensely distasteful to me, and the three months I spent at Madison were the darkest of my life."

The following gentlemen were in the party composing the escort: Mr. Julius L. Brown, Mayor English, Mr. R. J. Lowry, Captain Harry Jackson, Captain F. P. Howell, Mr. N. G. Grady, Captain W. T. Newnam, Colonel M. A. Candler, Captain D. E. Ells, Dr. Amos Fox, Mr. Elgin Loachrane, Mr. A. L. Koutz.

THE RECEPTION IN ATLANTA.

By five o'clock in the afternoon the people began to assemble at the Union passenger depot to meet the train, and to welcome Mr. Stephens on his arrival. That was three quarters of an hour before the train was due, but in spite of that fact, the crowd increased rapidly in size until the depot and streets near the Loyd street entrance presented the scene of a jolly, but half-impatient mass of moving humanity. As the time for the arrival of the train drew nearer and the crowd increased in size, it was a subject of remark that it was composed of the very best citizens of the city, and there was an evident scarcity of small boys and such persons as usually gather where a brass band is playing. At half past five the Musical Union band appeared in front of the Markham, and at the sound of the cornet there was a number of wheels, and a handsome carriage drawn by four beautiful lion gray horses and driven by Mr. Willis Jones, dashed along Loyd street followed by three others and proceeded around to Wall street, where they came to a halt. The band struck up a lively air and the social impatience of the crowd gave way to enthusiasm. The dozen or so small boys who were on hand hung around the outskirts of the crowd and caught up with the enthusiasm. They took their stands a little way down the railroad, and created some commotion several times by shouting "here she comes!" The crowd swayed back and forth and as dark came, and the soft mellow light of the electric lights was shed over the scene, every eye was turned toward where the train was to first appear. After several false alarms the small boys set up an unusually lusty shouting and against the side of a main line of freight cars that lay along side the main line, there appeared a yellow flickering light that increased in brilliancy until the engine turned a curve and the headlight threw its full stream of light over the crowd. There was a cheer and the band struck up and amid wild enthusiasm the train slowly entered the depot. The "special" could easily be picked out as its cars were floating from the corners of the car. When the train came to a halt there was a great pressure about the car, but of course only a few could be admitted. Senator Brown, Governor Colquitt and others were among those admitted. The two distinguished gentlemen warmly congratulated Mr. Stephens, and everybody appeared enthusiastic and in fine humor. As soon

as the commotion was somewhat over and before Mr. Stephens had arisen to leave the car Mr. Kontz appeared bearing in his hand a full sized broom, a hush broom, and a duster most elegantly made and beautifully trimmed. On one side of the broom was a skillet, and on the other were the words: "Sixty thousand majority." Mr. Kontz handed the brooms to Mr. Henry W. Gray, who seemed to realize what was expected of him and was taking his position in front of Mr. Stephens made a brief speech in which he said the brooms were of Atlanta manufacture and were presented with the compliments of Messrs. R. T. Hitch and Davis Smith. The skillet woven on one side he would readily understand as well as the meaning of the figures on the reverse side. He was not to understand that he would be expected to make a clean sweep of men and methods in the capital—every thing was already clean there, and he was simply to continue to keep things clean there. Mr. Stephens said that he realized as much, and would accept the rooms with that understanding and no other. Meantime the crowd outside was pressing about the car, and frequently cheered. Mr. Stephens made ready to go and was picked up bodily by his valet and carried out and placed in the carriage drawn by the four horses which had been brought around to the Loyd street end of the depot. Senator Brown, Governor Colquitt and Captain Harry Jackson got into the first carriage with Mr. Stephens. The other carriages were filled as follows: Second carriage—Julius L. Brown, Mayor English, W. W. Gray and R. J. Lowry; third carriage—A. L. Koutz, Dr. Fox, W. T. Newnam, E. P. Howell; fourth carriage, W. D. Ellis, Mr. A. Koutz, Mr. Corrie and Miss Corrie. The carriages were driven from the depot to the executive mansion where a large number of persons had assembled. The mansion was lighted throughout and presented a very brilliant appearance. Mr. Stephens was met at the door by Mrs. John A. Stephens and Mrs. A. G. Green. When Mr. Stephens reached the door there were no persons in the house except the family, and as he looked first at the left portal and then at the right, he seemed to hesitate which way to go. Miss Jamie Stephens led him to his room, and with a true woman's eye to the comfort of her distinguished relative, said:

"Uncle Alex, come in here to the fire," at the same time leading the way into the left parlour where a warm fire was burning in the grate. She drew up a comfortable rattan chair and saw Mr. Stephens snugly seated in it and then withdrew. The populace pressed in to offer congratulations and handshakings. Mr. Stephens was in excellent spirits, and talked and joked freely with those who gathered about him. After paying their respects the callers withdrew, and Mr. Stephens was left master of the mansion.

Mr. Julius L. Brown was chairman of the committee, and was requested by Mr. Pullman to invite those whom it would be desirable should go, and to make all other necessary arrangements. He performed this duty with courtesy and ability, and everything passed off in a most delightful manner. Mr. Stephens was more than delighted with the trip and so expressed himself, as did all who were along.

Mr. A. L. Kontz, of the Pullman car company, who had charge of the car, made it comfortable for all on board. He is the courteous and efficient manager at this point, and is deserving of consideration for the occasion, agreed to be conductor for one day.

The engine was pulled by Frank Sales, one of the best engineers in the state, and he pulled the train through on time and without an accident. Mr. Stephens smoked a pipe nearly all the way up.

Judge Locheare was to have been on the committee to escort Mr. Stephens to attend, but could not get here in time. He rode 500 miles in order to be here last night to welcome Mr. Stephens to the executive mansion. Although the trip and the day's doings will long be remembered.

Mr. Stephens said yesterday that the only office he had settled was that of Mr. C. W. Seidel of Hartwell, to be his private secretary.

EXCHANGING COURTESIES.

Foreign Ministers in Washington—The Garfield Hills—The Retired List.

WASHINGTON, October 24.—The new Swiss minister, Colonel Frey, the Brazilian minister, Senor Felipe, Peleg Netto, and the Japanese minister, Tadamura, were formally presented to the president today by the secretary of state, and the usual courtesies were exchanged.

Surgeon Murray, of the Marine hospital service, at Brownsville, Texas, has been directed by Surgeon General Hamilton to withdraw the army cordon as soon as his judgment will be perfectly safe to do so. The cordon on the Rio Grande river will be continued as long as the adjacent towns in Mexico are infected by fever.

Hiram H. Grant has been appointed post master at Goldsboro, N. C., to succeed Mr. A. L. Koutz.

THE RECEPTION IN ATLANTA.

At five o'clock in the afternoon the people began to assemble at the Union passenger depot to meet the train, and to welcome Mr. Stephens on his arrival. That was three quarters of an hour before the train was due, but in spite of that fact, the crowd increased rapidly in size until the depot and streets near the Loyd street entrance presented the scene of a jolly, but half-impatient mass of moving humanity. As the time for the arrival of the train drew nearer and the crowd increased in size, it was a subject of remark that it was composed of the very best citizens of the city, and there was an evident scarcity of small boys and such persons as usually gather where a brass band is playing. At half past five the Musical Union band appeared in front of the Markham, and at the sound of the cornet there was a number of wheels, and a handsome carriage drawn by four beautiful lion gray horses and driven by Mr. Willis Jones, dashed along Loyd street followed by three others and proceeded around to Wall street, where they came to a halt. The band struck up a lively air and the social impatience of the crowd gave way to enthusiasm. The dozen or so small boys who were on hand hung around the outskirts of the crowd and caught up with the enthusiasm. They took their stands a little way down the railroad, and created some commotion several times by shouting "here she comes!" The crowd swayed back and forth and as dark came, and the soft mellow light of the electric lights was shed over the scene, every eye was turned toward where the train was to first appear. After several false alarms the small boys set up an unusually lusty shouting and against the side of a main line of freight cars that lay along side the main line, there appeared a yellow flickering light that increased in brilliancy until the engine turned a curve and the headlight threw its full stream of light over the crowd. There was a cheer and the band struck up and amid wild enthusiasm the train slowly entered the depot. The "special" could easily be picked out as its cars were floating from the corners of the car. When the train came to a halt there was a great pressure about the car, but of course only a few could be admitted. Senator Brown, Governor Colquitt and others were among those admitted. The two distinguished gentlemen warmly congratulated Mr. Stephens, and everybody appeared enthusiastic and in fine humor. As soon

as the commotion was somewhat over and before Mr. Stephens had arisen to leave the car Mr. Kontz appeared bearing in his hand a full sized broom, a hush broom, and a duster most elegantly made and beautifully trimmed. On one side of the broom was a skillet, and on the other were the words: "Sixty thousand majority." Mr. Kontz handed the brooms to Mr. Henry W. Gray, who seemed to realize what was expected of him and was taking his position in front of Mr. Stephens made a brief speech in which he said the brooms were of Atlanta manufacture and were presented with the compliments of Messrs. R. T. Hitch and Davis Smith. The skillet woven on one side he would readily understand as well as the meaning of the figures on the reverse side. He was not to understand that he would be expected to make a clean sweep of men and methods in the capital—every thing was already clean there, and he was simply to continue to keep things clean there. Mr. Stephens said that he realized as much, and would accept the rooms with that understanding and no other. Meantime the crowd outside was pressing about the car, and frequently cheered. Mr. Stephens made ready to go and was picked up bodily by his valet and carried out and placed in the carriage drawn by the four horses which had been brought around to the Loyd street end of the depot. Senator Brown, Governor Colquitt and Captain Harry Jackson got into the first carriage with Mr. Stephens. The other carriages were filled as follows: Second carriage—Julius L. Brown, Mayor English, W. W. Gray and R. J. Lowry; third carriage—A. L. Koutz, Dr. Fox, W. T. Newnam, E. P. Howell; fourth carriage, W. D. Ellis, Mr. A. Koutz, Mr. Corrie and Miss Corrie. The carriages were driven from the depot to the executive mansion where a large number of persons had assembled. The mansion was lighted throughout and presented a very brilliant appearance. Mr. Stephens was met at the door by Mrs. John A. Stephens and Mrs. A. G. Green. When Mr. Stephens reached the

## GEORGIA NEWS.

EVENTS OF THE DAY THROUGHOUT THE STATE.

Budden Death of Ordinary Dumas, of Forsyth-Buildings Going up in Canton-Candler in Gwinnett County-New Opera House in Newnan-Triples Born in Monroe.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

VALDOSTA, October 21.—Saturday, at half past eleven, many of the representative citizens of Lowndes, were assembled in the court house to hear from their congressman, Hon. H. G. Turner. This visit of Mr. Turner, to this place, was not a campaign necessity, for the people here are already his friends, and they will give him a warm support; he came, rather, in obedience to a good old custom, to see those of his constituents who might desire to see him, and to talk to them about the affairs of government. The speaker, though somewhat fatigued by the labors of the canvass, set before his hearers, in an easy and happy style, some living and practical issues, which entitle us as factors, in the politics of the democratic and republican parties, and which affect the interests of every citizen of the country. The present tariff system received more attention from him than any other one subject. As Mr. Turner's views upon this question are already well known to those familiar with the debates in congress, it is unnecessary to give them here. It may be said, however, that this question of so great magnitude was handled in a manner that evinced a decided interest in it.

His address to his opponent was brief, but fully commensurate with the probable resistance that the latter will offer to democratic success in this district. The relations of Georgia independence to republican plans for capturing the south was not slighted in this review of the political situation. "Republicans," said the speaker, "care not by what name these disaffected politicians call themselves, if they will only contribute to the maintenance of republican domination."

The people of the second district are proud of Mr. Turner, and they will continue to honor him with their confidence.

MORGAN POLITICS.

Our Men Losing Confidence in One of Their Best Strongholds.

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

CANTON, October 24.—Politics have never been more lively in Morgan county for twenty years than they are to-day. The county has a number of speer's strongholds since he first pranced around the district as a candidate for Congress. He and his friends boast that the beginning of the present session would increase to his majority of two thousand, but now are sure they would feel very bad if they were to lose the county at all. Some of the most prominent negroes in the county have forsaken Speer for Candler in the last few weeks. Speer in his speech here was giving all the time to conciliate the negro vote and at the same time to hold fast his white friends. The more sensible negroes saw his tissue, and were captured by the can-did and many took Mr. Candler. Speer is evidently set back. When he began his campaign his plan was to make one in Morgan and sweep it by storm. He sees how his strength is failing here and will make three more speeches in this county next week. He resorted to a trick to draw a crowd by advertising his speech on a fence, and to the popular sentiment of the negroes on a local question. The negroes of the condition of affairs in the state is going to be bad, but that is not in favor of the opposition. It makes the sale down with dabs of gore.

It is, indeed, a beautiful sight, extending from horizon to zenith, with its coat tails spread out and its head battered up and bloody, like it was making from the scene of first fight. Now with all the odds in favor of the opposition, it makes the sale down with dabs of gore. Grand in its pyrotechnical display, illimitable in the vastness of its immensity, it reminds us what a great country we live in that can boast of such products, impossible to the elate despots of the East, and the cold and barren regions of the bleak and frozen north.

It is one more instance of the inexhaustible resources of Georgia, aided by intelligent farming and the proper use of commercial fertilizers.

These few observations are merely thrown out preparatory to a further study of the subject, and are by no means to be regarded as conclusive. As yet we have not gazed upon this hot aspirant for public favor, nor looked upon the comet when it was red. Waking up at the proper time in a semi-comatose state, we reflected that it was not our comet anyhow—it was Cral's comet and it would persist in getting up at such an unseemly hour, he alone could be held responsible for it, seeking a softer position in the couch, we again sought slumber resolved not to commit ourselves at present to a comet that took its cocktails so long before breakfast.

Captain Jim Dense's Clock.

From the Columbus Ga. Journal.

Captain Jim Dense, when in Columbus, makes his headquarters in the Garrard buildings, and on account of his being accustomed to the regular snoring which takes place in the building, he is unable to wake up at the right time. He has purchased an alarm clock, which with his own improvements on it, is the most complete thing of the kind in existence. The clock is in a certain room, which was forty feet square, and that the captain's addition makes the drum concern insignificant. The clock is on a shelf above the head of the bed, and at five o'clock in the morning, the clock startles the city with the drum wire and empties a pitcher of cold water on the captain's head, fires a torpedo on his corns, and lets down the bed slats and tumbles him through to the floor, and by these united means, the captain is almost totally certain to wake up when everything goes to work. We always said Captain Jim Dense was a prodigy and now we proudly give to the world the latest accomplishment of his inventive genius.

**A SUDDEN DEATH.**

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

NEWNAN, October 24.—Rev. E. Dumas, organist of this county, died very suddenly in his residence on yesterday. After dinner he requested his son to light his pipe, and up to start to walk across the room. Suddenly he exclaimed, "Oh!" putting his hand upon his heart, falling backward, died immediately. He has been organist of this county for a number of years and made a good officer and was a good citizen. He was in his 75th year.

**BUILDING IN CANTON.**

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

CANTON, October 24.—The foundations of the new jail are laid, and the brick work is now being pushed rapidly forward. The work on the new jail has begun. In the course of a few weeks we will have two more good brick buildings. The Baptist church and the jail, both very necessary, yet very unlike in their aims. Other buildings, business and dwellings, are going up. It is said that our town and Gainesville and Marietta are soon to be more closely united.

**NEWNAN'S NEW OPERA HOUSE.**

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

NEWNAN, October 24.—Reese opera house will soon be completed. The curtains are hung and in a short time Newnan will have one of the nicest opera houses in the state. We have received to date about five thousand bales of cotton, and when we get the market four or five miles ahead of our neighboring markets we will probably receive eighteen or twenty thousand bales this season. Business here is in a healthy condition.

**CANDLER IN GWINNETT.**

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

LAWRENCEVILLE, October 23.—A Candler lawyer has been working with over a hundred members. Similar clubs are being organized throughout the county, and it is generally believed that Candler will carry Gwinnett this time by a good majority.

Our esteemed townsmen, Hon. N. L. Hutchins, is a candidate for judge of the western district, and will probably be elected without opposition.

**ELBERTON.**

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

ELBERTON, October 23.—About 500 people are here to-day to see Miles Orton's show. Trade is very brisk, and merchants wear smiling faces. Cotton is still coming in rapidly. Hon. Seaborn Reese leaves here to-day for Hartwell where he will address the people to-morrow. He is the most universally popular man we ever had among us. Mr. T. A. Chandler, clerk of our superior court, is in Arkansas on a visit to relatives.

**GEORGIA MINES.**

Special Correspondence of The Constitution.

ELBERTON, October 23.—About 500 people are here to-day to see Miles Orton's show. Trade is very brisk, and merchants wear smiling faces. Cotton is still coming in rapidly. Hon. Seaborn Reese leaves here to-day for Hartwell where he will address the people to-morrow. He is the most universally popular man we ever had among us. Mr. T. A. Chandler, clerk of our superior court, is in Arkansas on a visit to relatives.

**Work in the Lumpkin County District During the Past Week.**

On the Dahlonega, Ga., Mountain Signal.

The mines in the vicinity of Dahlonega

are doing as well as when last reported. The general outlook was never better. The monthly yield of bullion is constantly increasing and will as long as new discoveries continue to erect new mills and stamps. We now have several mills and stamps running day and night and the probabilities are that the next year will add as many more. Capitalists are now convinced that there is money for them in the Georgia gold fields and that it can be taken from the ground at a smaller expense here than in any section of the union.

Last week the Chicago and Georgia mill did not run at night, but did every day. The ore was very good and the outlook in the flattering John Weaver, the superintendent of the Biggs mine, exhibited some of the finest specimens of gold bearing quartz ever taken from the open cut. This mine is a good one and is doing a splendid business but if they had more water the yield would be much larger. The Wellsire is equally as good as usual, but cannot be gotten in sufficient quantities, from the present level, to keep the mill going regularly.

The Aurora company has had considerable prospecting done during the past month, with good results, on the ground, such that they are mining by means of the open cut. The mine is located in the middle of the last week than usual, on account of the rich shutes that were found in the cut. Five of their stamps were engaged in crushing ore taken from the new discoveries.

The general superintendent of the Chestnut mine has appointed Dr. Lombard, former superintendent of the Battle Branch mining company, as superintendent of this mine, in the place of Dr. Owenby. I haven't been able to visit this week, hence we do not know how they are doing, but from all the information we can gather everything is moving smoothly.

Work is going on at the Bell day after day but not to the same advantage as if the mine had more water. This lack is owing to the great evaporation during the dry season.

John Will, of Hall county, has on his property a large lead of magnetic iron ore, of the very best quality. This property is located near the mouth of the Gainesville railroad on the Dahlonega and Gainesville railroad. It would be well for some of our men that are interested in the iron business to look into this undeveloped section.

Work on the Ivey ditch, belonging to the Consolidated Gold Mining company is rapidly progressing.

CRUL'S COMET.

How a Georgia Editor Regards the New Wonder of the Heavens.

From the Griffin, Ga., News.

Inspired by an example of the editor of the Royal Courier, who wakes up every morning to observe the varying phases of the comet and then orders his half column of standing matter on the subject to be chucked in again, we resolved to get up yesterday morning and take a squirt at it ourselves.

It is, indeed, a beautiful sight, extending from horizon to zenith, with its coat tails spread out and its head battered up and bloody, like it was making from the scene of first fight. Now with all the odds in favor of the opposition, it makes the sale down with dabs of gore.

Grand in its pyrotechnical display, illimitable in the vastness of its immensity, it reminds us what a great country we live in that can boast of such products, impossible to the elate despots of the East, and the cold and barren regions of the bleak and frozen north.

It is one more instance of the inexhaustible resources of Georgia, aided by intelligent farming and the proper use of commercial fertilizers.

These few observations are merely thrown out preparatory to a further study of the subject, and are by no means to be regarded as conclusive.

As yet we have not gazed upon this hot aspirant for public favor, nor looked upon the comet when it was red.

Waking up at the proper time in a semi-comatose state, we reflected that it was not our comet anyhow—it was Cral's comet and it would persist in getting up at such an unseemly hour, he alone could be held responsible for it, seeking a softer position in the couch, we again sought slumber resolved not to commit ourselves at present to a comet that took its cocktails so long before breakfast.

Captain Jim Dense's Clock.

From the Columbus Ga. Journal.

Captain Jim Dense, when in Columbus, makes his headquarters in the Garrard buildings, and on account of his being accustomed to the regular snoring which takes place in the building, he is unable to wake up at the right time. He has purchased an alarm clock, which with his own improvements on it, is the most complete thing of the kind in existence.

The clock is in a certain room, which was forty feet square, and that the captain's addition makes the drum concern insignificant. The clock is on a shelf above the head of the bed, and at five o'clock in the morning, the clock startles the city with the drum wire and empties a pitcher of cold water on the captain's head, fires a torpedo on his corns, and lets down the bed slats and tumbles him through to the floor, and by these united means, the captain is almost totally certain to wake up when everything goes to work.

We always said Captain Jim Dense was a prodigy and now we proudly give to the world the latest accomplishment of his inventive genius.

Their Golden Wedding.

From the Albany, Ga., News.

In a brain now buzzing, drawn by a fat, sleek and brisk traveling horse, came into town yesterday, Mr. and Mrs. John Moch, of east Dougherty, a lovely couple of old people who will celebrate their golden wedding next November. No better preserved, happier, or more drowsy couple ever lived to a good old age. May they enjoy many more days of that true happiness vouchsafed the good and just upon this earth.

An Extraordinary Young Man.

From the Montezuma, Ga., Bulletin.

A little boy, who has been exploring the garden patch and discovered a cucumber growing on the vines. Excitedly he rushed into the house crying, "Mamma, mamma, we've got a pickle on our squash."

The Pickle on a Squash.

From the Rome, Ga., Bulletin.

A little boy, who has been exploring the garden patch and discovered a cucumber growing on the vines. Excitedly he rushed into the house crying, "Mamma, mamma, we've got a pickle on our squash."

The Pickle on a Squash.

From the Rome, Ga., Bulletin.

A little boy, who has been exploring the garden patch and discovered a cucumber growing on the vines. Excitedly he rushed into the house crying, "Mamma, mamma, we've got a pickle on our squash."

The Pickle on a Squash.

From the Rome, Ga., Bulletin.

A little boy, who has been exploring the garden patch and discovered a cucumber growing on the vines. Excitedly he rushed into the house crying, "Mamma, mamma, we've got a pickle on our squash."

The Pickle on a Squash.

From the Rome, Ga., Bulletin.

A little boy, who has been exploring the garden patch and discovered a cucumber growing on the vines. Excitedly he rushed into the house crying, "Mamma, mamma, we've got a pickle on our squash."

The Pickle on a Squash.

From the Rome, Ga., Bulletin.

A little boy, who has been exploring the garden patch and discovered a cucumber growing on the vines. Excitedly he rushed into the house crying, "Mamma, mamma, we've got a pickle on our squash."

The Pickle on a Squash.

From the Rome, Ga., Bulletin.

A little boy, who has been exploring the garden patch and discovered a cucumber growing on the vines. Excitedly he rushed into the house crying, "Mamma, mamma, we've got a pickle on our squash."

The Pickle on a Squash.

From the Rome, Ga., Bulletin.

A little boy, who has been exploring the garden patch and discovered a cucumber growing on the vines. Excitedly he rushed into the house crying, "Mamma, mamma, we've got a pickle on our squash."

The Pickle on a Squash.

From the Rome, Ga., Bulletin.

A little boy, who has been exploring the garden patch and discovered a cucumber growing on the vines. Excitedly he rushed into the house crying, "Mamma, mamma, we've got a pickle on our squash."

The Pickle on a Squash.

From the Rome, Ga., Bulletin.

A little boy, who has been exploring the garden patch and discovered a cucumber growing on the vines. Excitedly he rushed into the house crying, "Mamma, mamma, we've got a pickle on our squash."

The Pickle on a Squash.

From the Rome, Ga., Bulletin.

A little boy, who has been exploring the garden patch and discovered a cucumber growing on the vines. Excitedly he rushed into the house crying, "Mamma, mamma, we've got a pickle on our squash."

The Pickle on a Squash.

From the Rome, Ga., Bulletin.

A little boy, who has been exploring the garden patch and discovered a cucumber growing on the vines. Excitedly he rushed into the house crying, "Mamma, mamma, we've got a pickle on our squash."

The Pickle on a Squash.

From the Rome, Ga., Bulletin.

A little boy, who has been exploring the garden patch and discovered a cucumber growing on the vines. Excitedly he rushed into the house crying, "Mamma, mamma, we've got a pickle on our squash."

The Pickle on a Squash.

From the Rome, Ga., Bulletin.

A little boy, who has been exploring the garden patch and discovered a cucumber growing on the vines. Excitedly he rushed into the house crying, "Mamma, mamma, we've got a pickle on our squash."

The Pickle on a Squash.

From the Rome, Ga., Bulletin.

A little boy, who has been exploring the garden patch and discovered a cucumber growing on the vines. Excitedly he rushed into the house crying, "Mamma, mamma, we've got a pickle on our squash."

The Pickle on a Squash.

From the Rome, Ga., Bulletin.

A little boy, who has been exploring the garden patch and discovered a cucumber growing on the vines. Excitedly he rushed into the house crying, "Mamma, mamma, we've got a pickle on our squash."

The Pickle on a Squash.

From the Rome, Ga., Bulletin.

A little boy, who has been exploring the garden patch and discovered a cucumber growing on the vines. Excitedly he rushed into the house crying, "Mamma, mamma, we've got a pickle on our squash."

The Pickle on a Squash.

From the Rome, Ga., Bulletin.

A little boy, who has been exploring the garden patch and discovered a cucumber growing on the vines. Excitedly he rushed into the house crying, "Mamma, mamma, we've got a pickle on our squash."

The Pickle on a Squash.

From the Rome, Ga., Bulletin.

A little boy, who has been exploring the garden patch and discovered a cucumber growing on the vines. Excitedly he rushed into the house crying, "Mamma, mamma, we've got a pickle on our squash."

The Pickle on a Squash.

From the Rome, Ga., Bulletin.

A little boy, who has been exploring the garden patch and discovered a cucumber growing on the vines. Excitedly he rushed into the house crying, "Mamma, mamma, we've got a pickle on our squash."

The Pickle on a Squash.

From the Rome, Ga., Bulletin.

A little boy, who has been exploring the garden patch and discovered a cucumber growing on the vines. Excitedly he rushed into the house crying, "Mamma, mamma, we've got a pickle on our squash."

The Pickle on a Squash.

From the Rome, Ga., Bulletin.

A little boy, who has been exploring the garden patch and discovered a cucumber growing on the vines. Excitedly he rushed into the house crying, "Mamma, mamma, we've got a pickle on our squash."

The Pickle on a Squash.

From the Rome, Ga., Bulletin.

A little boy, who has been exploring the garden patch and discovered a cucumber growing on the vines. Excitedly he rushed into the house crying, "Mamma, mamma, we've got a pickle on our squash."

The Pickle on a Squash.

From the Rome, Ga., Bulletin.

A little boy, who has been exploring the garden patch and discovered a cucumber growing on the vines.

SUN. ME. CO.  
VISIONS RENDERED TUESDAY.  
OCTOBER 24, 1882.

James Jackson, Chief Justice; Martin J. Crawford  
and Alexander M. Speer, Associate Justices—  
Reported for the C. institution by J. H.  
Lumpkin, Supreme Court Reporter.

Holleman vs. Holleman. Attachment for Alimony, from Houston. Action pending. Judgment for Plaintiff, alimony pending an action for permanent alimony does not rest with the verdict, and judgment in the superior court, where the case is brought to the supreme court, but continues (within the discretion of the court) until the termination of the litigation all in the courts.

(a). When the permanent alimony is realized, the equities between the litigants in respect to setting off the temporary alimony pending the litigation against permanent alimony at the same time can be adjusted and there may vary according to the nature of the permanent provision and the circumstances of each case.

Judgment affirmed.

Duncan & Miller, for plaintiff in error.

Davis & Riley, Hall & Giles, for defendant.

Douglas vs. Boylston et al. Money rule, from Randolph. Attorney and client. Homestead. Constitutional law.

Jackson, J.—Where an attorney at law, prior to 1858, received and accepted for a promissory note placed in his hands for collection, though he collected and failed to pay over the amount thereof subsequently to that time, the contract began from the date of the receipt, and in a contest between the claim of the client and the homestead right of the attorney's wife and children, the former took precedence. 50 Ga. 51; 54 Id.; 55 Id.; 393; 63 Id.; 102; 15 Wallace, 610.

Crawford, J., concurred dubitante.

2. The homestead in this case was properly granted.

(b). The ordinary may order money due the head of a family, to be paid to him, to be by him invested according to law, and when it has been invested and a scheme of the property has been attached, he may then pass a final order of exemption. This case is distinguished from 65 Ga., 546; and Johnston vs. Dobbs (this term).

Judgment affirmed.

A. Hood, Jr., for plaintiff in error.

John T. Clarke & Son, for defendants.

Cannon vs. Campbell & Jones. Appeal from Bibb. Set-off. Negotiable instruments. Actions.

Jackson, C. J.—1. Where the payees, who were also endorsers, of an unconditional negotiable draft, at the time of its acceptance, gave to the acceptors a release of all responsibility thereon, written on a separate paper, if the draft fell into the hands of an innocent holder for value before or after the acceptor paid it to the payee, the acceptor by the same payee, against the same acceptors on another acceptance, the amount paid on the first draft could be set off against the action, no funds of the drawer being in hand.

(a). If the first draft was presented by the payees themselves and paid at their instance and request, an action would lie for money so paid, and it could be set off against an action on the other draft.

2. Whilst the court in his charge should adhere strictly to the testimony as given, yet where the legal effect of the words used is exactly the same as if he had employed the language of the testimony, it is not such error as works on injury and requires a new trial.

Judgment affirmed.

H. W. Jenison, for plaintiff in error.

R. W. Patterson, for the defendants.

Gunn vs. Barrett. Complaint, from Houston. Judgment. Pleadings.

Jackson, C. J.—1. Suit was brought on a contract in reference to the renting of a plantation, the stocks, implements, etc., thereon. The declaration alleged that the defendant owned the plaintiff a certain amount on a fair accounting under the contract; it also alleged that one important item was left out of the contract which was embraced in the suit and a prayer was added that the contract be reformed. The defendant pleaded the general issue and settlement. The jury returned a verdict for the plaintiff, summing up.

It is not clear that the sum of the contract having been put in issue by plea, the judgment will not be arrested nor a new trial granted at the instance of the defendant on the ground that the verdict did not cover the issue made. 3 Bl. Com. 314.

2. The verdict is supported by the evidence.

W. C. Winslow; Hall & Son for plaintiff in error.

Duncan & Miller; Davis & Riley, for defendant.

Rountree vs. Lathrop & Co. Claim, from Houston. New trial.

Speier, J.—The verdict in this case was supported by the evidence.

(a). Fraud is subtle in its nature, and even slight circumstances may be sufficient to carry conviction to the mind of its existence.

(b). As against creditors transactions involving transfers of property between husband and wife should be closely scanned, and the usual good faith should be made to appear.

Judgment affirmed.

Hall & Son; Duncan & Miller; Davis & Riley, for plaintiff in error.

Warren & Grice, for defendants.

III health generally comes from lack of the proper life forces in the blood. To restore the blood to a healthy state use Brown's Iron Bitters. Oct 24—dtw1w

The economist's puzzle next week will cost \$6.00 a head.

All persons afflicted with Dyspepsia, Diarrhoea, Colic and all kinds of Indigestion will find immediate relief by taking Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. The only genuine is manufactured by Dr. G. B. Steiger & Sons.

Political primaries are too often a secondary consideration.

THE VENUS EXERCISE IN THE OLD TOWNS.

Miss Weston's Society of Venus is the proprietor of one of the best female physicians & nurses in the United States, and has been used for forty years with remarkable success by millions of women. It is a safe and reliable remedy for cure of piles, diarrhoea, dysentery, griping in the bowels and wind-cold. By giving health to the child treats the mother. Price 25c a bottle.

Oct 26—dtw1w

Spring chickens are so called on account of their elasticity.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

For nervous & indigestive complaints.

Send to the Rumford Chemical Works Providence, R. I., for pamphlet. Mailed free

Don't Die in the House.

"Rough on Rats." Clears out rats, mice, roaches, bed bugs, flies, ants, moths, chipmunks, gophers, etc.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

CELEBRATED

ATLANTA FEMALE INSTITUTE,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

PEACHTREE STREET, OPPOSITE GOVERNOR'S MANSION. The exercises of this school will commence Wednesday, September 1, 1882, with a corps of experienced teachers. The object of this institution is to afford the advantages of a thorough education embracing Primary, Intermediate, Modern and Classical Languages, Music, Modern Languages, Belles-Lettres and Art. Native French and German teachers are employed. The music department is under the management of Prof. Alfredo Basili. For inquiries apply to Mrs. J. W. BALLARD, Principal.

Sept 29—dtw1w

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

I HAVE JUST FINISHED A NEW HOTEL AT

75 North Forsyth Street, Atlanta, Ga.

BEGINS ITS FIFTH SCHOLASTIC YEAR ON

the first Monday in September, 1882. Instruction thorough and practical. In addition to the regular course, pupils are taught to speak and write fluently by a native teacher. For catalogues apply to Rev. W. C. Bass, President, or Rev. C. W. Smith, Secretary.

July 5—dtw1w

WESLEYAN FEMALE COLLEGE

Macon, Georgia.

THE FORTY-FIFTH ANNUAL SESSION WILL

begin November 1, 1882. The College is fur-

ished with all modern appliances looking to

the happiness and comfort of its inmates.

Unusually advanced in Literature, Music and Art, at moderate rates.

Apply for Catalogue to Rev. W. C. Bass, President, or Rev. C. W. Smith, Secretary.

July 5—dtw1w

MEANS' HIGH SCHOOL,

75 North Forsyth Street, Atlanta, Ga.

BEGINS ITS FIFTH SCHOLASTIC YEAR ON

the first Monday in September, 1882. Instruction

thorough and practical. In addition to the regu-

lar course, pupils are taught to speak and write

fluently by a native teacher. For catalogues apply to Rev. W. C. Bass, President, or Rev. C. W. Smith, Secretary.

July 5—dtw1w

NOTICE!

GEORGIA FULTON COUNTY—TO ALL WHOM

IT MAY CONCERN: Notice is hereby given that

the State of Georgia, for an act

for the repeal of an act creating a board of commissioners of streets and sewers for the city of Atlanta, and for the same act for the repeal of an act

creating a board of Police Commissioners for the city of Atlanta. This October 18th, 1882.

W. J. BORN, Lawrenceville, Ga.

Sept 29—dtw1w

THE TRUE ACTION OF DRUGGISTS AND PHARMACEUTISTS IS IN HOSTETTER'S BITTERS. This medicine is one of the most popular remedies of an age of successful proprietary medicines, and is in immense demand throughout the country. It is a safe and reliable medicine. A wineglassful three times a day is the best possible preparation for encountering a malignant atmosphere, regulating the liver, and invigorating the stomach. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

oct 1—dtw1w

COX & DORSEY,  
REAL ESTATE AGENTS

GAINESVILLE, GA.

MAKE A SPECIALTY OF SELLING, RENTING

AND LEASING CITY AND COUNTY PROPERTY, AND

LOOKING AFTER WILD LANDS.

James Jackson, Chief Justice; Martin J. Crawford  
and Alexander M. Speer, Associate Justices—  
Reported for the C. institution by J. H.  
Lumpkin, Supreme Court Reporter.

Central Railroad vs. Flournoy, trustee. Complaint, from Houston. Venue. Actions. Actions. Ordinary. Elections.

Crawford, J.—While at a county election to determine the question of "fence" or "no fence," all qualified voters therein are entitled to vote, yet the power to cause such election to be held, or to prevent it, is exclusively in the freeholders; and on a contest of such election they alone are proper parties. One freeholder has no power to contest such election.

2. Will certiorari lie to the decision of the ordinary on a contest of such election, or is such decision final? Quære.

Judgment reversed.

W. L. Grice; Duncan & Miller; H. M. & R. N. Holtzclaw; Winslow & Collier, for plaintiffs in error.

W. S. Wallace; C. M. Dupree, for defendant.

Central Railroad vs. Flournoy, trustee. Complaint, from Houston. Venue. Actions. Actions. Ordinary. Elections.

Crawford, J.—A railroad company as such must be sued in the county of its principal place of business, or in a county where there's jurisdiction by reason of the subject matter and the locality of the cause of action. If one railroad company as the lessee of another as caused damage to a person, ample pro-

tection is given to the lessee by the lessee's lessee.

Oct 1—dtw1w

F. B. COX.

A. R. DORSEY.

COX & DORSEY,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS

GAINESVILLE, GA.

MAKE A SPECIALTY OF SELLING, RENTING

AND LEASING CITY AND COUNTY PROPERTY,

AND LOOKING AFTER WILD LANDS.

Oct 1—dtw1w

GEORGIA MONROE COUNTY—ON THE FIRST

MONDAY OF NOVEMBER next, will make application to the State of Georgia for an act

for the repeal of an act creating a board of com-

misioners of streets and sewers for the city of Atlanta, and for the same act for the repeal of an act

creating a board of Police Commissioners for the city of Atlanta. This October 18th, 1882.

Thomas A. Williams, deceased.

Executor of Daniel McDowell, deceased.

Sept 29—dtw1w

GEORGIA, MONTGOMERY COUNTY—ON THE FIRST

MONDAY OF NOVEMBER next, will make application to the State of Georgia for an act

for the repeal of an act creating a board of com-

misioners of streets and sewers for the city of Atlanta, and for the same act for the repeal of an act

creating a board of Police Commissioners for the city of Atlanta. This October 18th, 1882.

Thomas A. Williams, deceased.

Executor of Daniel McDowell, deceased.

Sept 29—dtw1w

GEORGIA, MONTGOMERY COUNTY—ON THE FIRST

MONDAY OF NOVEMBER next, will make application to the State of Georgia for an act

for the repeal of an act creating a board of com-

misioners of streets and sewers for the city of Atlanta, and for the same act for the repeal of an act

creating a board of Police Commissioners for the city of Atlanta. This October 18th, 1882.

Thomas A. Williams, deceased.

Executor of Daniel McDowell, deceased.

Sept 29—dtw1w

GEORGIA, MONTGOMERY COUNTY—ON THE FIRST

MONDAY OF NOVEMBER next, will make application to the State of Georgia for an act

for the repeal of an act creating a board of com-

misioners of streets and sewers for the city of Atlanta, and for the same act for the repeal of an act

# THE CONSTITUTION: ATLANTA, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1882.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION,

ED DAILY AND WEEKLY

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

DAILY CONSTITUTION is published every  
Sunday, Monday, and is delivered by carriers in  
city, or mailed postage free at \$1 per month  
for three months, or \$10 a year.

THE CONSTITUTION is for sale on all trains  
leaving out of Atlanta, and at newsstands in the  
principal southern cities.

ADVERTISING RATES depend on location in  
the paper and will be furnished on application.

CORRESPONDENCE containing important news  
solicited from all parts of the country.

ADDRESS ALL LETTERS AND TELEGRAMS, AND MAKE ALL  
DRAFTS OR CHECKS PAYABLE TO

THE CONSTITUTION,  
Atlanta, Georgia.

ATLANTA, GA., OCTOBER 23, 1882.

A SIGNAL SERVICE BUREAU REPORT indicates  
that the Atlantic states to-day, fair  
weather, northwest to southwest winds, high  
water, moderate, stationery or slight rise in tem-  
peratures.

AN ANALYSIS of the Ohio vote shows that the  
prohibition party is between 20,000 prohibi-  
tionists, who are very impractical, and 40,000  
Democrats who are very stubborn. If it takes the  
Democrats it cannot retain the prohibitionists  
and vice versa. It must have both to carry  
the state.

THE OREGON legislature could not be induced  
to make a senator of either John H. Mitchell  
or the equally notorious George H. Williams.  
One was Grant's boorish friend and supporter,  
and the other his attorney-general. There is  
hope in the republicans when republican legis-  
lature turns its back upon machinists, and  
takes up a new man.

IT IS NOT altogether certain that Colorado  
will go republican next month. Dr. Bliss,  
who has just returned from the state thinks  
the democrats will carry it. The split in the  
republican ranks resembles in every material  
respect the revolt against bossism in New  
York or Pennsylvania. Secretary Teller has  
gone home to save the party. He is one of the  
obnoxious bosses.

THE white frost is spreading from the Canada  
line to the gulf. In the last days of last week  
frost was reported in all the states north of  
the Ohio river, and even at some points in  
Kentucky and Tennessee. This week promises  
to extend the frost belt to the lowlands of the  
gulf. The Pensacola people will certainly  
welcome the hoary deposit, and no section  
can yet be greatly damaged by it.

THE estimates of the department of agriculture  
in relation to the corn crop are certainly  
erroneous so far as the crop of the southern  
states is concerned. The department puts  
the southern crop at 40,000,000 against 40,  
000,000 bushels in 1880—a loss of about 12,  
000,000 bushels. Instead of a deficiency of that  
amount of any size, the crop of 1882 has proba-  
bly never been surpassed in the southern  
states. It certainly was not in 1880. The  
department estimates of the department should  
contain a rectification of the totals of the  
southern state, for the acreage and the yield  
per acre both outrun this year those of 1880.

THE SPANISH government owns the Philip-  
pine Islands, where the cholera epidemic has  
shown a mortality that has never been ex-  
ceeded even in the east. In one month on  
these islands alone more than 30,000 persons  
died of the scourge. The disease is very vir-  
ulent in Manila, the chief city of the colony.  
It has extended to Borneo and Sumatra, and  
to other portions of the Dutch East Indies.  
These districts are full of Mahomedans, some  
of whom annually visit Mecca, where they  
mix with the western pilgrims. This may  
carry the malady to the Mediterranean and of  
course to Europe; but the authorities are vig-  
ilant and modern sanitary science may be  
able to keep it out of Europe altogether.

EVEY DAY the telegraph and mails bring  
tidings of a new republican revolt in some  
unexpected quarter. Just now a storm is  
brewing over in New Hampshire. The bright  
Bill Chandler is on the republican party  
there and he is working his little game to get  
into the United States senate with such vigor  
that the decent republicans are beginning  
to fear. Ex Senator Wadleigh, a very  
strong man politically and mentally, has  
accepted an invitation practically to pillory  
Chandler before the people, and in the cor-  
respondence already condemns Chandler in  
the most emphatic manner, and charges that  
the nomination of Hale for governor was pro-  
cured by fraud and bribery. New Hampshire  
is a close state, and if Chandler does not flood  
the state with money the republican dissensions  
may give the state to the democrats.

WE HAVE exported some gold during the  
past year, but the director of the mint thinks  
the amount of gold in the country is about  
the same as it was a year ago. That is, we  
exported just about as much as our mines  
produced, or about thirty million dollars.  
We have 29,000,000 dollars more of sil-  
ver than we had a year ago. The director esti-  
mates that the total paper and specie currency  
of the country was \$1,469,342,603 on July 1,  
1881, and \$1,543,710,432 on July 1, 1882, being  
a gain of about 74 1-2 millions. Of this gross  
amount nearly 320 millions were in the trea-  
sury, nearly 289 in the national banks, and  
over a thousand millions in other banks  
or in private hands. Of the 700 millions coin  
supposed to have been in the country on July 1,  
1882, the treasury held 148 millions, the  
national banks 112 millions, while 440 mil-  
lions were in private hands. The net result  
is that during the last fiscal year the country  
has gained slightly in gold coin, but nothing  
in the supply of gold coin and bullion com-  
bined; silver has increased relatively much  
both in coinage and bullion; the national  
bank circulation has increased somewhat; the  
greenbacks are stationary.

Governor Saint John of Kansas is being fig-  
ured out of his election by the arithmetic  
of the far west. One of these, the Kan-  
sas City Times which says: There is no an-  
ti-prohibition republican in the state who  
will vote for him, and many who voted for  
the prohibition amendment when he was  
elected will vote against him. The  
spirit of bossism has been shown in  
the three candidates

the field, and presuming the vote will be ful-  
ly up in this off year to what was cast in 1880,  
the calculation is made that deducting the  
republican vote, 42,915, not cast  
for the amendment in 1880, but for St. John  
from his vote this year, and we have 72,302 as  
the number he will get on November 7. This  
leaves 126,638 votes to be divided between  
Glick and Robinson, the combined vote of  
whom will exceed St. John's by 56,336 and of  
these votes Glick will get by far more than  
the greenback candidate and not unlikely  
enough to elect him.

THE DICTATORS OF THE SENATE.

The election of Mr. Dolph, republican, to  
the Oregon senatorship will make the senate  
stand, other political changes being barred,  
republicans, 37; democrats, 36; readjustors,  
Mahone and Riddleberger; and the successor  
of David Davis. This will be the way it will  
stand on the fourth of next March. The  
democrats have lost a senator in Oregon, and  
another in Virginia through the election of  
Mr. Riddleberger, readjuster, in the place of  
Mr. Johnston; and they have gained a senator  
in Louisiana by displacing Mr. Kellogg. The  
judge Davis expires on the fourth of March;  
and if the republicans are able to elect  
Governor Culom or any other straight-  
out member of their party, they will then have  
thirty-eight senators, or just one-half of that body.  
The chances now are that they will be able to  
muster this number after the present con-  
gress expires.

THE OTHER OPPORTUNITIES FOR GAINS OR LOSSES  
ARE FOUND IN COLORADO, NEW JERSEY, DELAWARE  
AND TENNESSEE. The democrats have carried  
Ohio and doubtless will carry New York and  
Pennsylvania, but none of these states elect  
senators next winter. In Colorado the democ-  
rats will endeavor to gain a senator, but the  
prospect is not very reassuring. Secretary  
Teller is on the ground, and it is generally  
thought that he desires to re-enter the senate.  
The term of Mr. McPherson, of New  
Jersey, expires in March, and he  
will probably be succeeded by a democrat,  
although the republicans are doing all they  
can to carry the legislature. Neither Dela-  
ware nor Tennessee will be apt to fail the  
democrats.

CONCEDING, THEREFORE, BOTH ILLINOIS AND CO-  
LORADO TO THE REPUBLICANS, AND CLAIMING FOR  
THE DEMOCRATS NEW JERSEY, DELAWARE AND  
TENNESSEE, THE SENATE, AFTER THE 4TH OF MARCH,  
WILL CONSIST OF 38 REPUBLICANS, 36 DEMOCRATS  
AND 2 READJUSTORS. IN ALL PROBABILITY IT WILL  
STAND. WE REPEAT THE FIGURES IN ORDER TO  
MAKE IT PLAIN THAT THE TWO READJUSTORS ARE  
AND WILL BE FOR A TERM OF TWO YEARS DICTATORS OF THE  
REPUBLICAN PARTY. IF ANY DEMAND THEY  
MAKE IN THE WAY OF PATRONAGE, APPROPRIATIONS  
OR PLATFORMS IS NOT FULLY AND PROMPTLY GRANTED  
THESE TWO MEN, BELONGING TO NO PARTY AND  
HAVING NO OPENLY-EXPRESSED CONVICTIONS ON  
MATTERS OF NATIONAL INTEREST, WILL BE ABLE TO  
DEPRIVE THE REPUBLICANS OF ALL CONTROL IN CON-  
GRESS—WILL BE ABLE TO TURN UPON THE REPUBLICANS  
WHEN HE SEEES IT—WILL BE ABLE TO SQUEEZE THEM WITHOUT MERCY, AND EVEN WITH-  
OUT REASON. INSTEAD OF SUPPLICATING THE  
ADMINISTRATION FOR FAVORS, THE TWO COALITION  
SENATORS WILL HAVE THEIR HANDS ON THE VERY THROAT OF  
THE ADMINISTRATION WITH UNLIMITED POWERS OF PRESSURE  
IN THEIR FINGERS. Fortunately these two men  
CANNOT GIVE THE DEMOCRATS CONTROL OF THE  
SENATE; THEY CAN DISSOLVE THE COURSE OF THE  
REPUBLICAN PARTY. THEY REALLY HAVE MORE POWER  
THAN ANY TWO REPUBLICANS, AND THE MAN WHO  
THINKS THEY WILL NOT USE THEIR POWER FOR ALL IT  
IS WORTH, DOES NOT UNDERSTAND THE NATURE OF  
THE TWO SENATORS WHO HAVE PUT ASIDE ALL THEIR  
PREJUDICES AND CONVICTIONS IN ORDER TO GRASP  
THE UNNATURAL AND REALLY ABSURD VANTAGE GROUND  
OF NEUTRALITY BETWEEN THE TWO EFFECTIVE  
PARTIES OF THE COUNTRY. SUCH A POSITION  
IS SIMPLY A BID FOR PLUNDER, AND THE TWO VIR-  
GINIA READJUSTORS WILL DEMAND AND PROBABLY  
RECEIVE ALL THEY CAN TURN TO GOOD ACCOUNT.

### GOOBERS

THERE ARE FASTIDIOUS PEOPLE WHO WILL OBJECT  
TO THE TITLE OF THIS BRIEF ESSAY, BUT THEY WILL  
NOT MISUNDERSTAND ITS MEANING. THE LITTLE  
NUT, WHICH BURROWS IN THE GROUND AND TAKES  
CARE OF ITSELF, CANNOT BE DISGUISED BY A MERE  
NAME. IT MAY BE CALLED PINDAR, OR PEANUT,  
OR GROUPEA, OR GOOBER, OR ANYTHING ELSE THAT  
THE FANCY OF ITS FRIENDS MAY CHOOSE TO INVENT,  
BUT ITS IMPORTANCE IS NOT THEREBY AFFECTED.

DURING THE WAR WHEN A REGIMENT OF GEORGIA  
TROOPS MARCHED THROUGH VIRGINIA, BROKE INTO  
A CLOVER FIELD AND TORE IT UP BY THE ROOTS IN  
SEARCH OF THE ESCULENT NUT, THEY WENT FOR  
THEMSELVES THE NAME OF "GOOBER-GRABBERS,"  
AND IT IS A NAME WHICH STILL STICKS TO THE  
PEOPLE OF THE EMPIRE STATE OF THE SUNNY SOUTH.  
WE ARE STILL CALLED GOOBER-GRABBERS BY THE  
OUTSIDE WORLD. BUT DO WE DESERVE THE TITLE?

IT IS TO BE FEARED NOT. Indeed, according to  
some statistics that have recently been pub-  
lished, Georgia is not quoted as a goober-raising  
or goober-grabbing state.

IT IS ONLY RECENTLY THAT GOOBERS HAVE BEEN  
QUOTED IN THE MERCHANTILE EXCHANGE IN NEW  
YORK, AND THE FACT THAT THEY ARE NOW CALLED  
THERE HAS LED TO THE PUBLICATION OF SOME FIG-  
URES RELATING TO THE GOOBER CROP. A PRO-  
DUCT DEALER WHO HANDLES A LARGE PART OF THE FOUR  
HUNDRED THOUSAND BUSHELS ANNUALLY SENT TO  
NEW YORK, SAYS THAT THERE IS MORE MONEY IN  
THEM THAN IN CORN AND COTTON, AND WHEAT IS  
LITERALLY NOWHERE. HE MEANS, OF COURSE, FOR  
PURPOSES OF SPECULATION, AND ADDS THAT SOME  
LARGE DEALS ARE ANNUALLY MADE IN THE CROP.  
BUT, IF GOOBERS ARE PROFITABLE TO  
SPECULATORS, IT IS BECAUSE THERE IS A  
DEMAND FOR THEM, AND IF THERE IS SUCH A DEMAND AS THE FIGURES INDICATE,  
THE CROP OUGHT TO BE PROFITABLE TO THE  
PRODUCERS.

IT IS ESTIMATED THAT VIRGINIA WILL PRODUCE  
THIS YEAR, NOT LESS THAN TWO MILLION BUSHELS,  
THE NATIONAL BANKS 112 MILLIONS, WHILE 440 MIL-  
LIONS WERE IN PRIVATE HANDS. THE NET RESULT  
IS THAT DURING THE LAST FISCAL YEAR THE COUNTRY  
HAS GAINED SLIGHTLY IN GOLD COIN, BUT NOTHING  
IN THE SUPPLY OF GOLD COIN AND BULLION COM-  
BINED; SILVER HAS INCREASED RELATIVELY MUCH  
BOTH IN COINAGE AND BULLION; THE NATIONAL  
BANK CIRCULATION HAS INCREASED SOMEWHAT; THE  
GREENBACKS ARE STATIONARY.

Governor Saint John of Kansas is being fig-  
ured out of his election by the arithmetic  
of the far west. One of these, the Kan-  
sas City Times which says: There is no an-  
ti-prohibition republican in the state who  
will vote for him, and many who voted for  
the prohibition amendment when he was  
elected will vote against him. The  
spirit of bossism has been shown in  
the three candidates

Not a pound of goobers is made into oil in

THIS COUNTRY, THOUGH DURING THE WAR THIS BUSINESS  
REACHED LARGE PROPORTIONS IN THE SOUTH.  
COTTON SEED OIL, HOWEVER, HAS DRIVEN THE PEANUT  
OUT OF THE MARKET IN THIS COUNTRY AND HAS  
NEARLY SUCCESSED IN DRIVING IT OUT IN FRANCE.  
THE AFRICAN NUT WHICH IS USED IN FRANCE IS GROWN IN  
GEORGIA. THE NORTH CAROLINA GOOBER WAS ONCE  
CONSIDERED THE BEST IN THE MARKET, BUT IT HAS  
BEEN DRIVEN OUT BY THE VIRGINIAN VARIETY.  
THE AFRICAN GOOBER IS SMALL AND MEATY, THE  
SPANISH SMALL AND FINE, AND THE VIRGINIAN  
LARGE AND WELL-FLAVORED. WE HAVE NO DOUBT  
THE GEORGIAN VARIETY WOULD BE THE BEST OF ALL,  
BUT THIS CANNOT BE KNOWN UNTIL OUR FARMERS  
RAISE SOME FOR EXPORT. THE CROP IS WORTH  
\$3,000,000 AND NEARLY OR QUITE ALL OF IT PASSES  
THROUGH THE HANDS OF THE VENDORS ON THE  
STREET CORNERS AND THE SMALL SHOPS. THE CROP  
IS NOT PREPARED FOR MARKET BY THE FARMERS.  
IT IS BOUGHT UP AND PREPARED IN FACTORIES,  
BEING DIVIDED INTO GRADES AND BRANDS. IN  
VIRGINIA FORTY BUSHELBS ARE RAISED TO THE  
ACRE, IN TENNESSEE SIXTY AND SEVENTY.  
THE DEMAND IS CONSTANTLY INCREASING,  
AND THE FACTS HEREIN SET FORTH IN THE  
HOPE THAT THE FARMERS OF GEORGIA  
MAY FIND IT CONVENIENT TO TAKE A SHARE OF THE PROFITS  
THAT APPEAR TO BELONG TO THE BUSINESS.

EIGHT SOLID PAGES.

ON LAST DAY WE WERE SIMPLY UNABLE TO PRINT  
THE ADVERTISEMENTS THAT WERE HANDLED IN OUR  
COUNSEL ROOM. WE SET UP 47 COLUMNS OR 8 STANDING  
PAGES OF ADVERTISING, AND THE NIGHT EDITOR THEN  
STOPPED THE WORK, LEAVING SEVERAL COLUMNS UNPROVIDED  
FOR WHICH WE HAD NO ANNOUNCEMENT OF SOME OF OUR  
BEST REGULAR PATRONS.

WE REGRET THIS VERY MUCH, BUT WE ARE NOT TO  
BLAME FOR IT. WE HAVE URGED OUR ADVERTISERS TIME  
AND AGAIN TO SEND IN THEIR ADS SO THAT WE  
MIGHT GET THEM IN TIME. THE NIGHT EDITOR  
SHOULD HAVE BEEN PREPARED FOR THIS.

THE DUBLIN CONFERENCE HAS SHOWN MR. PAR-  
NELL TO BE A SHREWD POLITICAL MANAGER. ALTHOUGH  
THE HOUSE RULE IS THE FIRST PLANK IN THE IRISH PLATFORM,  
IT IS NOT THE ONLY ONE THAT COULD WIN OVER  
THE DUBLINERS.

GENERAL B. F. BUTLER SAYS: "I DO NOT  
SEE THAT WE HAVE TO WAIT UNTIL THE COAST  
IS CLEAR TO ACT." THE EDITOR, THE READER,  
WILL SAY: "DO YOU MEAN THAT HE HAD BUNTING  
UPON THE GROUND?" "NOT AT ALL," HE ANSWERS.  
"BUT I DON'T THINK HE IS PROTECTED FAR ENOUGH."

LORD DUFFERIN HAS BEEN GREATLY INFORMED  
BY THE TURKISH MINISTRY THAT HIS IMPERIAL MAJESTY,  
THE SULTAN, IS NOW QUITE RESTLESS IN HIS  
RECENT DISPOSITION AND IS IN A FRAME OF MIND TO  
SETTE THE DATE OF HIS DEPARTURE.

ACCORDING TO A SUNDAY PAPER, MRS. LANGTRY  
IS COSTUME AS ROSALIND IS MUCH MORE EXTENSIVE  
AND COMPREHENSIVE THAN ROSALIND USUALLY WEARS  
AFTER THE FIRST ACT.

ACCORDING TO A SUNDAY PAPER, MRS. LANGTRY  
IS COSTUME AS ROSALIND IS MUCH MORE EXTENSIVE  
AND COMPREHENSIVE THAN ROSALIND USUALLY WEARS  
AFTER THE FIRST ACT.

ACCORDING TO A SUNDAY PAPER, MRS. LANGTRY  
IS COSTUME AS ROSALIND IS MUCH MORE EXTENSIVE  
AND COMPREHENSIVE THAN ROSALIND USUALLY WEARS  
AFTER THE FIRST ACT.

ACCORDING TO A SUNDAY PAPER, MRS. LANGTRY  
IS COSTUME AS ROSALIND IS MUCH MORE EXTENSIVE  
AND COMPREHENSIVE THAN ROSALIND USUALLY WEARS  
AFTER THE FIRST ACT.

ACCORDING TO A SUNDAY PAPER, MRS. LANGTRY  
IS COSTUME AS ROSALIND IS MUCH MORE EXTENSIVE  
AND COMPREHENSIVE THAN ROSALIND USUALLY WEARS  
AFTER THE FIRST ACT.

ACCORDING TO A SUNDAY PAPER, MRS. LANGTRY  
IS COSTUME AS ROSALIND IS MUCH MORE EXTENSIVE  
AND COMPREHENSIVE THAN ROSALIND USUALLY WEARS  
AFTER THE FIRST ACT.

ACCORDING TO A SUNDAY PAPER, MRS. LANGTRY  
IS COSTUME AS ROSALIND IS MUCH MORE EXTENSIVE  
AND COMPREHENSIVE THAN ROSALIND USUALLY WEARS  
AFTER THE FIRST ACT.

ACCORDING TO A SUNDAY PAPER, MRS. LANGTRY  
IS COSTUME AS ROSALIND IS MUCH MORE EXTENSIVE  
AND COMPREHENSIVE THAN ROSALIND USUALLY WEARS  
AFTER THE FIRST ACT.

ACCORDING TO A SUNDAY PAPER, MRS. LANGTRY  
IS COSTUME AS ROSALIND IS MUCH MORE EXTENSIVE  
AND COMPREHENSIVE THAN ROSALIND USUALLY WEARS  
AFTER THE FIRST ACT.

ACCORDING TO A SUNDAY PAPER, MRS. LANGTRY  
IS COSTUME AS ROSALIND IS MUCH MORE EXTENSIVE  
AND COMPREHENSIVE THAN ROSALIND USUALLY WEARS  
AFTER THE FIRST ACT.

ACCORDING TO A SUNDAY PAPER, MRS. LANGTRY  
IS COSTUME AS ROSALIND IS MUCH MORE EXTENSIVE  
AND COMPREHENSIVE THAN ROSALIND USUALLY WEARS  
AFTER THE FIRST ACT.

ACCORDING TO A SUNDAY PAPER, MRS. LANGTRY  
IS COSTUME AS ROSALIND IS MUCH MORE EXTENSIVE  
AND COMPREHENSIVE THAN ROSALIND USUALLY WEARS  
AFTER THE FIRST ACT.

ACCORDING TO A SUNDAY PAPER, MRS. LANGTRY  
IS COSTUME AS ROSALIND IS MUCH MORE EXTENSIVE  
AND COMPREHENSIVE THAN ROSALIND USUALLY WEARS  
AFTER THE FIRST ACT.

ACCORDING TO A SUNDAY PAPER, MRS. LANGTRY  
IS COSTUME AS ROSALIND IS MUCH MORE EXTENSIVE  
AND COMPREHENSIVE THAN ROSALIND USUALLY WEARS  
AFTER THE FIRST ACT.

ACCORDING TO A SUNDAY PAPER, MRS. LANGTRY  
IS COSTUME AS ROSALIND IS MUCH MORE EXTENSIVE  
AND COMPREHENSIVE THAN ROSALIND USUALLY WEARS  
AFTER THE FIRST ACT.

ACCORDING TO A SUNDAY PAPER, MRS. LANGTRY  
IS COSTUME AS ROSALIND IS MUCH MORE EXTENSIVE  
AND COMPREHENSIVE THAN ROSALIND USUALLY WEARS  
AFTER THE FIRST ACT.

ACCORDING TO A SUNDAY PAPER, MRS. LANGTRY  
IS COSTUME AS ROSALIND IS MUCH MORE EXTENSIVE  
AND COMPREHENSIVE THAN ROSALIND USUALLY WEARS  
AFTER THE FIRST ACT.

ACCORDING TO A SUNDAY PAPER, MRS. LANGTRY  
IS COSTUME AS ROSALIND IS MUCH MORE EXTENSIVE  
AND COMPREHENSIVE THAN ROSALIND USUALLY WEARS  
AFTER THE FIRST ACT.

ACCORDING TO A SUNDAY PAPER, MRS. LANGTRY  
IS COSTUME AS ROSALIND IS MUCH MORE EXTENSIVE  
AND COMPREHENSIVE THAN ROSALIND USUALLY WEARS  
AFTER THE FIRST ACT.

ACCORDING TO A SUNDAY PAPER, MRS. LANGTRY  
IS COSTUME AS ROSALIND IS MUCH MORE EXTENS

## THE COURTS.

The Superior Court—the United States District Court and the Circuit Court.

In the superior court yesterday Judge Hill presiding, Ed. Young entered a plea of guilty to an charge of forgery and was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary. He Hill entered a plea of guilty to a charge of shooting at another, and was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary. The day was occupied with the trial of Andrew J. Brown, charged with assault with intent to rape. The case was given to the jury last night, but a verdict was not reached.

In the United States district court Judge Clegg presiding, the following cases were disposed of: K. Bowen, retailing, guilty, sentenced to thirty days in Fulton county jail. James Battle, retailing, plea guilty, thirty days, \$100 and costs. Stephen Duncan, alias Stephen Wattis, retailing, plea guilty, thirty days, \$100 and costs. Wm. Cook, Campbell county, working, retailing and removing, verdict guilty of robbing, three months, \$200 and costs. Daniel Glenn, retailing, verdict guilty, remanded. W. A. Daniels, retailing, no finding. Jacob Clark, retailing, guilty, thirty days, \$100 and costs. Dan Conley, removing and concealing, verdict guilty, remanded. Tub Culberson, removing and retailing, not guilty.

In the circuit court Oliver McCracken was convicted of conspiracy and was remanded to await sentence. William Norton was convicted of obstructing an officer, and was remanded to await sentence.

In the United States commissioners court of W. C. Smith, Jack Chambers, of DeKalb county was discharged after a charge of retailing half tobacco. Biggally, and Andrew Fambro of Fulton, was held to answer a charge of retailing whisky in violation of law. J. L. Harrington, of Gwinnett, charged with retailing was admitted to bail, and Henry McDowell, of Paulding, after trial on a charge of retailing was released.

## GRAND OPENINGS.

Mrs. P. H. Snook and A. J. Miller Get Up a Pair of Art Exhibitions.

Last night, the two leading Atlanta furniture dealers, Mr. Snook and Mr. P. H. Snook, gave the ladies of Atlanta, an evening of real pleasure by having formal fall opening. At each place, the scene was one of real brilliance. Each house was brilliantly lighted, and throughout the evening, they were thronged with visitors. In Mr. Snook's, on Marietta street, the "parlor room" was especially beautiful. The fine furniture, truly artistic in its make, was arranged in a manner which displayed remarkable taste, showing the differently colored pieces with striking effect. To the visitors in the early part of the evening, Mr. Snook gave favors, consisting of tube roses, to which were attached streamers of satin, on which was printed "compliments of P. H. Snook." Five hundred of these favors were used and the supply was exhausted before the evening was a third gone. The entire establishment was lighted up. Mr. Snook will be open until eight o'clock on each evening during the next week or two. At Mr. Miller's the scene was no less brilliant and imposing. Three floors of the sit in his house were lighted up, and all were crowded during the evening. The fine furniture shown by Mr. Miller could not be surpassed for beauty and taste, and the admiration of the visitors found vent in many expressions highly complimentary to the size and beauty of the stock. Mr. Miller showed some especially pretty goods in rattan chairs with plush bottoms. During the evening he served a nice lunch which was much enjoyed. At both houses there was music by string bands. The opening was something new and novel in Atlanta. They were much enjoyed, and will not be forgotten soon.

## The Georgia Pacific

Work on the Georgia Pacific is progressing finely. Seventieth mile between Atlanta and Anniston was completed Saturday, leaving thirty miles to be finished, on which the grading has been nearly done. The road will be completed to Anniston in a few weeks. The Bolt railroad is nearly finished.

## Express Office Robbed.

New Orleans, October 23.—The Times-Democrat special says the express office at Girard, Louisiana, was robbed on Friday night of a thousand dollars. The robbery was not discovered until yesterday evening. To-day, after investigation, James Sanders, aged 18, was arrested, and he confessed committing the robbery. Three hundred and seventy-four dollars of the money was recovered. It is believed that other persons are implicated.

## A Student Robbed.

Chattanooga, October 24.—A youth named Ezra Wiley, who was attending Tuscaloosa college, was run over and killed on the East Tennessee and Georgia railroad, last night, near Greenville. He lived at Home station, East Tennessee.

## Macaroni Factory Burned.

New Orleans, October 24.—J. Sambala's macaroni factory, on Decatur street, was burned last night, and several adjoining buildings were partially destroyed. The loss is estimated at \$80,000, partially insured.

## PERSONAL.

Mr. Gibson Thomaston, W. A. Lofton, Macop, are at the Markham.

Charles A. Sindall, an Virgil Powers, of Macon, are registered at the Kimball.

E. T. Hughes, of New York, is also registered at the Kimball.

Hill Fink, of Virginia, is at the Kimball for a few days.

Dr. F. H. O'Brien has removed his office to 96 Peachtree, up-stairs. For the present he will be found at Moran & Co.'s drug store, 38 Wall street.

Mr. John T. Boffeillet, of the Macom Graphic, in the city yesterday.

Messrs Washington, Dossan, J. L. Hardeman and W. H. French, of New York, are at the Markham.



Notice is hereby Given

THAT THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad Company, for the election of directors and transaction of such other business as may come before said meeting, will be held at Knoxville, Tennessee, Wednesday, the 8th day of November, 1882.

Transcript Books will remain closed from October 16th to November 10th.

L. M. SCHWAN, Secretary,  
116 Broadway, New York.

## BAKING POWDERS.

**THE CONTRACT.**  
While other Baking Powders are largely adulterated with Alum and other hurtful drugs.



has been kept unchanged in all its original purity and strength. The best evidence of its safety and effectiveness is the fact of its having received the highest testimonials from the most eminent chemists in the United States, who have analyzed it, from its introduction to the present time. No other powders show so good results by the test—*the TEST OF THE OVEN.*

IT IS A PUKE FRUIT ACID BAKING POWDER

—MADE BY—

**STEELE & PRICE,**

Chicago, Ill., and St. Louis, Mo.,

Manufacturers of Impaline Teat Gems, Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts, and Dr. Price's Unique Perfumes.

May 20—41y sat tues thur top col ex rd mat 143  
6pd & wly 8 or 2p

## FUNERAL NOTICE.

BATES—Died, Frederick Cunn, infant son of Lina S. and Edward E. Bates, aged 7 months. Funeral Wednesday morning at half past ten o'clock, from residence 439 West Peters street.

## SURGICAL INSTRUMENT DEPOT

—OP—

A. L. HERNSTEIN,  
Manufacturer of Surgical Instruments

—AND—

Oithopaedical Appliances

ALSO A FULL LINE OF

SILK ELASTIC STOCKINGS

—AND—

ABDOMINAL SUPPORTS.

29 BROAD STREET,

ATLANTA, GA.

I. PHILLIPS, Manager.

G. WADAI, Auctioneer.

POSTPONED SALE

OF A

10 ROOM COTTAGE ON COX ST.

THE SALE OF THIS VERY DESIRABLE HOUSE AND lot, advertised for Thursday last, will be postponed until Saturday, when it will be sold on the premises, at 4 o'clock sharp, without reserve, to the highest bidder, terms,  $\frac{1}{2}$  cash, remainder in 6 months with interest, and the balance in 12 months, with interest, to be paid quarterly, and the property to be held in trust for the benefit of the widow, Mrs. Cox.

Wednesday, Oct. 25—41y sat tues thur top col ex rd mat 143  
6pd & wly 8 or 2p

## FRIDAY AND SATURDAY NIGHTS,

AND SATURDAY MATINEE.

OCTOBER 27 AND 28.

A handsome souvenir will be presented to each lady attending.

## Engagement Extraordinary

OF THE DISTINGUISHED EMOTIONAL AND TRAGIC ACTRESS.

**MISS ADA GRAY,**

SUPPORTED BY

Chas. A. Watkins' 5th Ave. Combination

EAST LYNN;

OR THE EloPEMENT.

LADY ISABEL, MISS ADA GRAY,

MARY VINE, By which characters she has no Living Peers.

POPULAR PRICES OF ADMISSION.

sales of seats opens Wednesday at Phillips & Crow's

1078—Oct. 22—23—24—25—26—27—28

ET COAN et al, and Freeman Clark and H. B. Plant Trustees, vs the Atlanta Cotton Factory Company and Wm L. Thomson, Trustee. In equity to the Circuit Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia, on Thursday, Oct. 25, 1882, at 12 o'clock noon.

In PURSUANCE of a DECREE RENDERED IN

THIS cause at the September term, 1881, of said court, we, the trustees, special commissioners named in said decree, will sell or put out to public outcry on the premises, in the city of Atlanta, county of Fulton, state of Georgia, on Thursday, Oct. 25, 1882, at 12 o'clock noon.

That property situated in the city of Atlanta, on Marietta street, known as the Atlanta Cotton Factory, and state of Georgia, situated in a lot of land in the city of Atlanta, county of Fulton and state of Georgia, situated and being in land lot seventy-eight (78) of the (14) fourteenth section of Fulton county, known as lot No. thirty-seven (37) and part of lot No. thirty-eight (38) fronting on the southwest side of Marietta street, commencing at J. W. Craig's line on the west side of Marietta street, running south along the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad, thence along the said right of way to Calhoun street, thence south along Calhoun street, thence west along the line of Calhoun street, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street one hundred and twenty-one one seven tenths (127.710) feet to the starting point, being the corner of Calhoun and Marietta streets, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad, thence southwesterly along Marietta street one hundred and twenty-one one seven tenths (127.710) feet to the starting point, being the corner of Calhoun and Marietta streets, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad, thence southwesterly along Marietta street one hundred and twenty-one one seven tenths (127.710) feet to the starting point, being the corner of Calhoun and Marietta streets, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad, thence southwesterly along Marietta street one hundred and twenty-one one seven tenths (127.710) feet to the starting point, being the corner of Calhoun and Marietta streets, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad, thence southwesterly along Marietta street one hundred and twenty-one one seven tenths (127.710) feet to the starting point, being the corner of Calhoun and Marietta streets, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad, thence southwesterly along Marietta street one hundred and twenty-one one seven tenths (127.710) feet to the starting point, being the corner of Calhoun and Marietta streets, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad, thence southwesterly along Marietta street one hundred and twenty-one one seven tenths (127.710) feet to the starting point, being the corner of Calhoun and Marietta streets, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad, thence southwesterly along Marietta street one hundred and twenty-one one seven tenths (127.710) feet to the starting point, being the corner of Calhoun and Marietta streets, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad, thence southwesterly along Marietta street one hundred and twenty-one one seven tenths (127.710) feet to the starting point, being the corner of Calhoun and Marietta streets, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad, thence southwesterly along Marietta street one hundred and twenty-one one seven tenths (127.710) feet to the starting point, being the corner of Calhoun and Marietta streets, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad, thence southwesterly along Marietta street one hundred and twenty-one one seven tenths (127.710) feet to the starting point, being the corner of Calhoun and Marietta streets, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad, thence southwesterly along Marietta street one hundred and twenty-one one seven tenths (127.710) feet to the starting point, being the corner of Calhoun and Marietta streets, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad, thence southwesterly along Marietta street one hundred and twenty-one one seven tenths (127.710) feet to the starting point, being the corner of Calhoun and Marietta streets, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad, thence southwesterly along Marietta street one hundred and twenty-one one seven tenths (127.710) feet to the starting point, being the corner of Calhoun and Marietta streets, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad, thence southwesterly along Marietta street one hundred and twenty-one one seven tenths (127.710) feet to the starting point, being the corner of Calhoun and Marietta streets, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad, thence southwesterly along Marietta street one hundred and twenty-one one seven tenths (127.710) feet to the starting point, being the corner of Calhoun and Marietta streets, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad, thence southwesterly along Marietta street one hundred and twenty-one one seven tenths (127.710) feet to the starting point, being the corner of Calhoun and Marietta streets, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad, thence southwesterly along Marietta street one hundred and twenty-one one seven tenths (127.710) feet to the starting point, being the corner of Calhoun and Marietta streets, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad, thence southwesterly along Marietta street one hundred and twenty-one one seven tenths (127.710) feet to the starting point, being the corner of Calhoun and Marietta streets, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad, thence southwesterly along Marietta street one hundred and twenty-one one seven tenths (127.710) feet to the starting point, being the corner of Calhoun and Marietta streets, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad, thence southwesterly along Marietta street one hundred and twenty-one one seven tenths (127.710) feet to the starting point, being the corner of Calhoun and Marietta streets, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad, thence southwesterly along Marietta street one hundred and twenty-one one seven tenths (127.710) feet to the starting point, being the corner of Calhoun and Marietta streets, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad, thence southwesterly along Marietta street one hundred and twenty-one one seven tenths (127.710) feet to the starting point, being the corner of Calhoun and Marietta streets, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad, thence southwesterly along Marietta street one hundred and twenty-one one seven tenths (127.710) feet to the starting point, being the corner of Calhoun and Marietta streets, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad, thence southwesterly along Marietta street one hundred and twenty-one one seven tenths (127.710) feet to the starting point, being the corner of Calhoun and Marietta streets, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad, thence southwesterly along Marietta street one hundred and twenty-one one seven tenths (127.710) feet to the starting point, being the corner of Calhoun and Marietta streets, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad, thence southwesterly along Marietta street one hundred and twenty-one one seven tenths (127.710) feet to the starting point, being the corner of Calhoun and Marietta streets, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad, thence southwesterly along Marietta street one hundred and twenty-one one seven tenths (127.710) feet to the starting point, being the corner of Calhoun and Marietta streets, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad, thence southwesterly along Marietta street one hundred and twenty-one one seven tenths (127.710) feet to the starting point, being the corner of Calhoun and Marietta streets, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad, thence southwesterly along Marietta street one hundred and twenty-one one seven tenths (127.710) feet to the starting point, being the corner of Calhoun and Marietta streets, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad, thence southwesterly along Marietta street one hundred and twenty-one one seven tenths (127.710) feet to the starting point, being the corner of Calhoun and Marietta streets, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad, thence southwesterly along Marietta street one hundred and twenty-one one seven tenths (127.710) feet to the starting point, being the corner of Calhoun and Marietta streets, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad, thence southwesterly along Marietta street one hundred and twenty-one one seven tenths (127.710) feet to the starting point, being the corner of Calhoun and Marietta streets, thence southwesterly to the line of Marietta street forty four feet (44) feet more to the right of way of the Atlantic and Atlantic railroad,

**THE CONSTITUTION: ATLANTA.**

**HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN  
BROKER**  
AND DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF  
**STOCKS and BONDS  
OFFICE,**  
No. 10 East Alabama St.  
**STOCKS AND BONDS FOR SALE,**  
spec-div head fin cal

State Charter 1870.

**BANK  
OF THE  
STATE OF GEORGIA.**

ATLANTA, GA.

CASH CAPITAL..... \$100,000.00  
SURPLUS FUND..... 87,000.00  
STOCK Holders (with unenclosed  
property worth over a million dollars) INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

Accounts solicited. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED  
Lends on good collateral and No. 1 paper, always  
at reasonable rates of interest. 1½% head fin cal

**FINANCE AND COMMERCE**  
BONDS, STOCKS AND MONEY

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,  
ATLANTA, October 24, 1882

Spec. 1 & CITY BONDS..... \$100,000.00  
Bld. Asked..... 108

Gra. 80..... 108 Atlanta 7s..... 108 110  
Gra. 60..... 107 Atlanta 6s..... 101 105  
Gra. 7s 1880..... 106 107 August 7s..... 107 109  
Gra. 5s 1880..... 111 112 April 5s..... 109 111  
Gra. 3s 1880..... 120 120 March 3s..... 101 103  
B. (Brown). 101 100 New York, 99 101  
Brewerian 5s..... 114 115 Columbus 7s..... 106 107  
Atlanta 8s..... 115 117 Cincinnati 8s..... 80 82

RAILROAD STOCKS.....

Gra. 80..... 108 Atlanta 7s..... 108 110  
Gra. 60..... 107 Atlanta 6s..... 101 105  
Gra. 7s 1880..... 106 107 August 7s..... 107 109  
Gra. 5s 1880..... 111 112 April 5s..... 109 111  
B. (Brown). 101 100 New York, 99 101  
Brewerian 5s..... 114 115 Columbus 7s..... 106 107  
Atlanta 8s..... 115 117 Cincinnati 8s..... 80 82

By Telegraph.

NEW YORK, October 24—noon.—Stocks dull. State

Monroe Exchange—Long 1/2 short. Gold Bullion dull. Government generally Louisiana com sold at 6%. Money

Specie—exchange 4%. Government some-

what higher. Gold Bullion 1/2. Government Money

Specie—exchange 4%. Money

sub-treasury balances.

Gold..... \$9,000,000. Currency..... \$4,12,000

Stocks closed generally strong.

Ala. Glass 2 & 5s..... \$1 N. G. & St. Louis..... \$2

Ala. Glass small 2 & 5s..... \$1 N. Y. & St. Louis..... \$2

Ala. Glass 2 & 5s..... \$1 Pittsburg F. W. & G. do. Preferred..... \$1 Rich. & Alleghany..... 16

Chillico. & N. W. 14% Rich. & Dan..... 26

Rich. & Do. Preferred..... 26 S. C. com. brown..... 16

East Tenn. R. R. 90 W. Ft. Terminal..... 33

Illinois Central..... 14% Wab. St. L. & Pac. 32

Lake Superior..... 12% do. Preferred..... 37

M. & N. Nash. Western Union..... 87

M. & Char. 38% 88

LOUISVILLE, October 24—noon p.m.—Consols—Money

10/11-16, account 10/13.

**THE COTTON MARKET**

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,  
Atlanta, October 24, 1882

New York—There is no material change in the cotton market. Futures opened steady at lower prices, but during the morning advanced under a quiet feeling. The market continued steady during the afternoon, and late in the day closed off and closed at yesterday's closing price. Spots steady and stood 1/4c. low, at the close, middling 10%;

Set receipts for three days 114,932 bales, average

190,600 bales last year; exports 83,432 bales; last year 46,422 bales; stock 488,503 bales; last year 617,300 bales.

Below give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures to-day:

CLOTHES.

October 24—10.60-10.66 October 20 10.61-11.70

November 20 10.68-11.07 November 10 10.88-11.09

December 10 10.65-11.07 December 10 10.88-11.08

January 10 10.65-11.06 January 10 10.67-11.05

February 10 10.75-11.16 February 10 10.78-11.15

March 10 10.90-11.10 March 10 10.91-11.10

April 10 10.96-11.07 April 10 11.00-11.11

May 10 11.02-11.18 May 10 11.11-11.21

June 10 11.18-11.21 June 10 11.21-11.22

July 10 11.22-11.25 July 10 11.32-11.35

Closed hard steady, sales 80,000 bales.

LIVERPOOL—Futures closed steady. Spots Upwards 6/4d. Orleans 6/4d.; sales 10,000 bales, of which 5,250 bales were American; receipts 21,109; America, 21,099.

The local cotton market has been fairly active to-day, and stimulated by a brisk demand, sales have been freely made. Prices remain unchanged. Good middling 10%, strict low middling 9%; low middling 8%; strict good ordinary 9%; good ordinary 8%; ordinary sc; stains 8 1/2%; pieces 9%;

The following is our statement of receipts and shipments for to-day:

RECEIPTS.

By steam..... 172

Air-line Railroad..... 125

Georgia Railroad..... 136

Central Railroad..... 212

W. & St. L. & Atlantic Railroad..... 164

W. & P. & R. Railroad..... 82

K. Tenn. Va. & Ga. 8

Georgia Pacific..... 8

Total..... 38,452

SHIPMENTS.

Shipments to-day..... 1,268

Shipments previously..... 19,496

Total consumption previously..... 866

Total..... 21,629

Stock on hand..... 11,823

The following is our comparative statement:

Receipts to-day..... 1,140

Same time yesterday..... 1,442

Showing a decrease of..... 282

Receipts since September 1..... 32,512

Same time last year..... 42,887

Showing a decrease of..... 10,345

NEW YORK, October 24—The Post's cotton market report says: "Future deliveries opened 283,130 bales lower but had recovered the loss at the second call, the late month being even slightly higher than yesterday at the closing. After the second call there was a further advance of 362,100 which was lost at the second call, when November brought 10,70; January 10,85; February 10,79; November 10,11; May 11,12; June 11,22; bids of 10,55 for November and December were refused."

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, October 24—noon—Cotton, fair busi-

ness at previous prices, middling uplands 6/4d. mid-

and 10/4d. receipts 21,100. American 21,100

expands low middling class. October delivery 6/6-6/4.

February and November delivery 6/6-6/4.

March and April delivery 6/6-6/4.

June delivery 6/6-6/4. September open steady.

LIVERPOOL, October 23—noon p.m.—Uplands low middling class October and November delivery 6/6-6/4. March and April delivery 6/6-6/4.

LIVERPOOL, October 23—noon p.m.—The Man-

dar market is open and fair, rather lower for all articles.

LIVERPOOL, October 24—noon—Sales of Ameri-

cans 6/250; uplands 10/250; sales October and No-

December 6/250; sales January and February 6/250.

LIVERPOOL, October 23—noon p.m.—Spots closed

for all articles.

LIVERPOOL, October 24—noon—Sales of Ameri-

cans 6/250; uplands 10/250; sales October and No-

December 6/250; sales January and February 6/250.

LIVERPOOL, October 23—noon p.m.—Spots closed

for all articles.

LIVERPOOL, October 24—noon—Sales of Ameri-

cans 6/250; uplands 10/250; sales October and No-

December 6/250; sales January and February 6/250.

LIVERPOOL, October 23—noon p.m.—Spots closed

for all articles.

LIVERPOOL, October 24—noon—Sales of Ameri-

cans 6/250; uplands 10/250; sales October and No-

December 6/250; sales January and February 6/250.

LIVERPOOL, October 23—noon p.m.—Spots closed

for all articles.

LIVERPOOL, October 24—noon—Sales of Ameri-

cans 6/250; uplands 10/250; sales October and No-

December 6/250; sales January and February 6/250.

LIVERPOOL, October 23—noon p.m.—Spots closed

for all articles.

LIVERPOOL, October 24—noon—Sales of Ameri-

cans 6/250; uplands 10/250; sales October and No-

December 6/250; sales January and February 6/250.

LIVERPOOL, October 23—noon p.m.—Spots closed

for all articles.

LIVERPOOL, October 24—noon—Sales of Ameri-

cans 6/250; uplands 10/250; sales October and No-

December 6/250; sales January and February 6/250.

LIVERPOOL, October 23—noon p.m.—Spots closed

for all articles.

LIVERPOOL, October 24—noon—Sales of Ameri-

cans 6/250; uplands 10/250; sales October and No-

December 6/250; sales January and February 6/250.

LIVERPOOL, October 23—noon p.m.—Spots closed

for all articles.

LIVERPOOL, October 24—noon—Sales of Ameri-

cans 6/250; uplands 10/250; sales October and No-

December 6/250; sales January and February 6/250.

LIVERPOOL, October 23—noon p.m.—Spots closed

for all articles.

LIVERPOOL, October 24—noon—Sales of Ameri-

cans 6/250; uplands 10/250; sales October and No-

## CITY NEWS.

THE REGULAR RECORD OF CURRENT LOCAL EVENTS.

The Day's Doing in Public & Private—The Record of the Courts, the Railroads and Hotels—Capitol Sessions—Real Estate Operators—Improvements—Gossip of all Kinds.

The cool evenings cause a demand for overcoats.

The railroads were all well patronized yesterday.

There is talk of a new military company in Atlanta.

The police had a live time with drunks last night.

James O'Neil is a first-class actor in a first class play. Oct 24 31

The railroad commission will hold a meeting today.

Yesterday was a brisk day with coal and wood dealers.

Overcoats were abundant on the streets yesterday afternoon.

A new fence has been placed around St. Philip's church.

Scores of possums were peddled out on the streets yesterday.

The survey of the Belt line road continues without interruption.

The Atlanta musical union band is booked for a series of concerts.

The sanitary officers report the city as cleaner than ever before.

Amusement is offered at the opera house every evening this week.

James O'Neil next Thursday in the great play *An American King*. Oct 24 31

The candy store men are beginning to pur-

chase their holiday goods.

Only two state cases were entered at the police headquarters yesterday.

A new sewer pipe is being sunk on Garnett street across Whitehall street.

James O'Neil leads one of the finest comedy troupes who ever came south. Oct 24 31

Cotton poured in yesterday, and the farmer were purchasing freely all day.

Electric lights will soon be common in Atlanta if certain projects succeed.

The board of health will meet next Thursday evening at the mayor's office.

Three additions were made to the Fulton county jail population yesterday.

Fires were pleasant yesterday and plazas were not frequented in the evening.

Whitehall street is being rapidly macadamized in the same style as Peachtree.

The West Point passenger train reached the carshed twenty minutes late yesterday.

Dr. A. G. Hobbs, 14 Whitehall street, Office hours 9 to 1 and 3 to 5. Oct 24—Off

There will be a special meeting of the board of police commissioners to-morrow night.

The young lawyers get their best training in the rough and tumble work of justice courts.

Colonel Seal's address will be distributed throughout the city today. Secure a copy and read it.

A buggy was badly demolished by striking a lamp post at the corner of Whitehall and Peters streets yesterday evening.

Judge Tanner thinks that crime goes in epidemics. He says that the business in his court comes by fits and starts.

Several Atlanta gentlemen are thinking of organizing a jockey club to build a good mile track and secure a series of races every spring and fall.

Nearly all the Atlanta merchants who visited New York have returned with the largest stocks they ever purchased. A huge trade is looked for.

The city is full of draymen who have brought the supplies of horses and mules from the blue grass country. Prices are pretty stiff, but sales are numerous.

An American King is a piece that every American ought to see. It is only one king in every country of Europe. This play shows that it is thousands in America. Oct 24 31

An injunction suit was filed yesterday by James Hunter vs. J. T. Pope, A. E. Jones, J. F. Ivy and E. S. Luckie. The suit is over a contested sale of property belonging to Hunter.

R. A. Bacon, secretary of the state railroad commission, has bought a 19 acre farm on Peachtree creek, four miles from Atlanta and has several plausible schemes for its success ful cultivation.

Hal Garret, a colored convict who escaped in August last from the camps on the Macon and North Georgia railroad, has been captured at Knoxville. There is a reward of \$100 for Garret.

Trinity church social meeting 7:15 p.m. Subject of last meeting continued—Faith and Works. Room 38, 28. Jas. 24. Devotional services 50 minutes. Closing social reunion half hour.

Our boys' clothing has given such universal satisfaction both to parents and the boys that our sales in that department have been doubled within the last twelve months. Esse man Bros., 55 Whitehall street. Oct 24 31

Colonel G. W. Adair will sell a 10 room house in a gilt edge neighborhood, on the premises at 1 o'clock this p.m. See advertisement in the free side on the street cars. Plate are at his office. Oct 24 31

People eat and drink to sustain life, the enjoyment of which depends largely upon the quality of the articles used, providing the table with good meats, game, etc., well cooked and flavored with the indispensable Lea & Perrins' Sauce (the Worcestershire) Genuine and Unadulterated.

REAL ESTATE INTELLIGENCE.

The talk of building a fine hotel at Ponce de Leon has been revived.

The architects have their hands full and are receiving orders every day.

One contractor will build five houses on Boulevard this winter.

McGuire & Jones, the contractor, have thirteen houses in course of construction.

Mr. Samuel W. Goode yesterday sold a house and lot on Louise street for \$600.

Mr. Frieser, the real estate agent, yesterday made three sales of property in Atlanta. Mr. Robert Lowry contemplates erecting a handsome mansion on Peachtree spring. The style of architecture will be unique.

Grant's new building on Whitehall between Mitchell and Hunter streets, is ready for occupancy by the 15th of October.

Julius L. Brown's residence on Washington street is going up slowly. When completed will be one of the handsomest residences in the city.

The Lyric Club will have a meeting at the residence of Mrs. Nels Kephart, so Luckie Oct 24 31. A splendid programme has been arranged, and an enjoyable time will be had.

James O'Neil, the famous actor, who played a celebrated role, more than two hundred times in New York, will appear in the Union Square, next Wednesday.

That Grand Piano sold at 10:30 o'clock this morning at 1000元. This is a magnificent instrument. Ladies especially invited.

SULLIVAN & CO.

Family Groceries as usual.

A Celebrated Case.

One of the best and most impressive plays of modern times will be given next Wednesday by a first-class company, headed by James O'Neil, the leading man of Union Square theater, New York. Oct 24 31

New Mail service.

The new mail service went into effect on the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, between Atlanta and Macon, day before yesterday, and mail coaches now accompany each passenger train plying between the two cities. Within the next ten days a mail service will be established on the Georgia Pacific between Atlanta and Temple, the present end of the road.

Beautiful Charity.

In the fever notes, will be found the proceeds of an entertainment given by the young ladies Clonian society of the Atlanta female institute, which was transferred by Adjutant General J. E. Yonge to the board of health. Such a laudable undertaking deserves this special mention, and the sick and sorrow-stricken of our afflicted community will no doubt remember their benefactors in their orisons."

Mr. James O'Neil—A Celebrated Case.

To-night Mr. O'Neil will begin a short engagement at DeGivé's opera house. The beautiful romantic melo-drama of the above name has been selected from his repertoire for this evening's entertainment. Mr. O'Neil possesses a fine stage presence, a rich voice and evinces thorough appreciation of the character of which he essayed the portrayal. His support is represented as being excellent.

James O'Neil leads one of the finest comedy troupes who ever came south. Oct 24 31

Cotton poured in yesterday, and the farmer were purchasing freely all day.

Electric lights will soon be common in Atlanta if certain projects succeed.

The board of health will meet next Thursday evening at the mayor's office.

Three additions were made to the Fulton county jail population yesterday.

Fires were pleasant yesterday and plazas were not frequented in the evening.

Whitehall street is being rapidly macadamized in the same style as Peachtree.

The West Point passenger train reached the carshed twenty minutes late yesterday.

Dr. A. G. Hobbs, 14 Whitehall street, Office hours 9 to 1 and 3 to 5. Oct 24—Off

There will be a special meeting of the board of police commissioners to-morrow night.

The young lawyers get their best training in the rough and tumble work of justice courts.

Colonel Seal's address will be distributed throughout the city today. Secure a copy and read it.

Judge Tanner thinks that crime goes in epidemics. He says that the business in his court comes by fits and starts.

Several Atlanta gentlemen are thinking of organizing a jockey club to build a good mile track and secure a series of races every spring and fall.

Nearly all the Atlanta merchants who visited New York have returned with the largest stocks they ever purchased. A huge trade is looked for.

The young lawyers get their best training in the rough and tumble work of justice courts.

Colonel Seal's address will be distributed throughout the city today. Secure a copy and read it.

A buggy was badly demolished by striking a lamp post at the corner of Whitehall and Peters streets yesterday evening.

Judge Tanner thinks that crime goes in epidemics. He says that the business in his court comes by fits and starts.

Several Atlanta gentlemen are thinking of organizing a jockey club to build a good mile track and secure a series of races every spring and fall.

Nearly all the Atlanta merchants who visited New York have returned with the largest stocks they ever purchased. A huge trade is looked for.

The young lawyers get their best training in the rough and tumble work of justice courts.

Colonel Seal's address will be distributed throughout the city today. Secure a copy and read it.

A Grand Re-Union of the Banking Bidders at Lexington, Ky.

Mr. John A. Miller yesterday received a postal card from Lexington, Ky., informing him that there will be a grand re-union of the survivors of General John H. Morgan's command in Lexington, Kentucky, on the 13th of November, at which General Duke will preside. Mr. Miller was a member of Morgan's command and enlisted when he was fifteen years of age. There are, besides Mr. Miller, many gentlemen in and around Lexington, who will doubtless avail themselves of this opportunity to shake hands with their old comrades in arms. All who contemplate augmenting the meeting by their presence should send their names, company and regiment with their present post office address, to the secretary, Will Er. Sprenger, Lexington, Ky.

Supreme Court of Georgia.

Atlanta, Ga., Oct 24, 1882.

List of circuits showing the cases remaining undisposed of:

Macon circuit..... 6 Middle circuit..... 8

Flintlock circuit..... 27 Demopolis circuit..... 16

Brown circuit..... 16 Birmingham circuit..... 26

Cherokee circuit..... 16 Northern circuit..... 6

Augusta circuit..... 18 Atlanta circuit..... 28

MACON CIRCUIT.

No. 15, Argument concluded.

No. 16, Franklin vs. State. Murder, from Bibb. C. L. Barlett; N. E. Harris; W. Bassett; W. H. Felton, Jr., for plaintiff in error. L. H. Hardeman, solicitor-general, for the state.

Pending opening argument of Mr. Felton, court adjourned until 10 a.m., to-morrow.

Mr. C. E. Woods was admitted to practice in the supreme court on taking the usual oath.

Forepaugh's Twenty Trained Elephants.

The Louisville Courier-Journal, alluding to this feature of Forepaugh's colossal circus, says:

"The performance of this great herd of mastodons is the most remarkable exhibition of brute intelligence ever presented to the public. Nothing equaling it has ever been seen in the world. An open space, in magnitude and in respectability, to Forepaugh's twenty trained elephants, is a thing that it is worth more to witness the wonder moving performances of these twenty elephants than it is to see all the circus exhibitions in existence. In magnitude and merit, no less than in respectability, Forepaugh's great show is superior to any tented exhibition that ever came here, and Louisville has been visited by every show in the country."

Forepaugh will reach Atlanta with his great show November 11th, in the mammoth pavilion, which will be erected in the large open space at the corner of Grant and Fair streets. This is a new location for circus exhibitions, but the magnitude of Forepaugh's establishment makes it impossible for him to crowd his tents upon the ground other circuses occupy when visiting this city.

Our Atlanta artists will be represented by their best and latest pictures.

Mrs. Oliver T. Bacon, after spending about eight years in different portions of Europe, has returned to Atlanta where she will open a studio. She has a great number of paintings and sketches both in oil and water color, which show that she is an artist of unusual ability. Mrs. Bacon has placed her work at the disposal of the library and quite a number of her pictures have been sold.

She decorated chinaware by Atlanta ladies will form quite an interesting display.

The large fire place mantles, etc., together with the quaint interior ornaments in the old fashioned room, will be alone worth the admission.

Miss Mary Zola will contribute some of her best work.

Emil Zola, the artist, will paint a picture of the interior of a room, showing the ceiling, walls, floor, furniture, etc., in a style that will be copied by the Police Gazette.

MISSIONARY WORK.

The American Missionary association will hold its thirty-ninth anniversary at the meeting at the Union Square, next Wednesday.

That Grand Piano

sold at 10:30 o'clock this morning at 1000元. This is a magnificent instrument. Ladies especially invited.

SULLIVAN & CO.

Family Groceries as usual.

JAMES A. ANDERSON & CO.  
FASHIONABLE  
CLOTHIERS  
AND  
FURNISHERS,  
41 Whitehall Street.

Clothing for Large Men.

Clothing for Small Men.

Clothing for Tall Men.

Clothing for Short Men.

Clothing for Fat Men.

Boys' and Children's Clothing  
a Specialty.

Our Stock of Neckwear and Silk  
Handkerchiefs Cannot be  
Equalled.

Balbriggan and Merino Under-  
wear, all prices.

Do Not Buy Elsewhere Until You See  
Our Stock.

SUITS AND SHIRTS MADE  
To Order When Desired.

Goods sent out of the city on approval, and we  
will pay the return express if not suited.

Aug 21—d2w wed 7p m

TYLER & MCGOODWIN  
"THE  
HABERDASHER

**McBRIDE & CO.'S CHINA PALACE**  
Is filled with French, English and Americau China and Glassware, in every shade and color known to man. Our stock of Jobbing goods in Granite, C. C. Wooden and Tinware, Lay's Lamps, etc., is now ready and at prices that will please the buyer.  
*Janis-diy top 1st col sp*

**BOOKS**

FOR

**PUBLIC AND PRIVATE LIBRARIES,**  
SEND LISTS FOR QUOTATIONS.

**HOLMEN, COFFIN & CO.**  
*Janis-diy on meb*

**WATCHES.**

The best are those made in Atlanta. Call and inspect the new improvements.

J. P. STEVENS. WATCH CO.

ents dif-8th pg

**COTTON AND WEATHER.**

Cotton, middling uplands closed in Liverpool yesterday, at 6½; in New York, at 10½; in Atlanta at 10½.

**Daily Weather Report**

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, CORPS, U. S. A.

KIMBALL HOUSE, October 24, 10:31, P. M.

All observations taken at the same moment at each place named.

W. S. O. P. F. N.	Buoyant.	Barometer.	Wind.	Force.	Revol.	Weather.
Atlanta.	90 10 54	N.	W.	Light	00	Clear.
Augusta.	90 10 51	N.	W.	Light	00	Clear.
Frederick.	90 10 52	N.	E.	Fresh	00	Clear.
Indiana.	90 6 73	S.	E.	Light	00	Clear.
Illino.	90 12 57	S.	E.	Fair	00	Cloudy.
Mobile.	90 12 58	S.	W.	Light	00	Cloudy.
Montgomery.	90 14 56	S.	W.	Calm	00	Clear.
New Orleans.	90 17 67	S.	E.	Light	00	Clear.
Pensacola.	90 15 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Charleston.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Memphis.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Atlanta.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Charleston.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Mobile.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Montgomery.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
New Orleans.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Pensacola.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Charleston.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Mobile.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Montgomery.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
New Orleans.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Pensacola.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Charleston.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Mobile.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Montgomery.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
New Orleans.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Pensacola.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Charleston.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Mobile.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Montgomery.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
New Orleans.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Pensacola.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Charleston.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Mobile.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Montgomery.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
New Orleans.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Pensacola.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Charleston.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Mobile.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Montgomery.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
New Orleans.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Pensacola.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Charleston.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Mobile.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Montgomery.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
New Orleans.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Pensacola.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Charleston.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Mobile.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Montgomery.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
New Orleans.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Pensacola.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Charleston.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Mobile.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Montgomery.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
New Orleans.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Pensacola.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Charleston.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Mobile.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Montgomery.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
New Orleans.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Pensacola.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Charleston.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Mobile.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Montgomery.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
New Orleans.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Pensacola.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Charleston.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Mobile.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Montgomery.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
New Orleans.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Pensacola.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Charleston.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Mobile.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Montgomery.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
New Orleans.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Pensacola.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Charleston.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Mobile.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Montgomery.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
New Orleans.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Pensacola.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Charleston.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Mobile.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Montgomery.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
New Orleans.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Pensacola.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Charleston.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Mobile.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Montgomery.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
New Orleans.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Pensacola.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Charleston.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Mobile.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Montgomery.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
New Orleans.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Pensacola.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Charleston.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Mobile.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Montgomery.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
New Orleans.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Pensacola.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Charleston.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Mobile.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Montgomery.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
New Orleans.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Pensacola.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Charleston.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Mobile.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Montgomery.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
New Orleans.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Pensacola.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Charleston.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Mobile.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Montgomery.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
New Orleans.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Pensacola.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Charleston.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Mobile.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Montgomery.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
New Orleans.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Pensacola.	90 13 56	S.	N.	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Charleston.						